# The Columbian

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HENRY L. DIEFFENBACH,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

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# The Columbian.

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Local notices, ten cents a line.

Cards in the "Business Directory" column, $7.00 per year for the first two lines, and $1.00 for each additional line.



### Columbia County Official Directory.

*President Judge*—WILLIAM ELWELL.
*Associate Judges*—ISAM DERR, ISAAC S. MONROE.
*Prothonotary, &c.*—RUDOLPH H. RUNDLER.
*Register & Recorder*—WILLIAMSON H. JACOBY.
*District Attorney*—E. R. IKELER.
*Sheriff*—AARON SMITH.
*Surveyor*—ISAAC DEWITT.
*Treasurer*—DAVID LOWENBERG.
*Commissioners*—WILLIAM G. QUICK, CYRUS ROBBINS, HIRAM J. REEDER.
*Commissioners' Clerk*—WILLIAM KRICKBAUM.
*Auditors*—U. J. CAMPBELL, A. J. ALBERTSON DANIEL LEE.
*Coroner*—JOHN D. HOWER.
*Jury Commissioners*—ISAAC MCBRIDE, JOHN MCANALL.
*County Superintendent*—CHARLES G. BARKLEY

*Bloom Poor District*—Directors, S. H. MILLER WILLIAM KRAMER, Bloomsburg, and JOHNSON IKELER, Greenwood, CHARLES CONNER, Sec'y.

### Bloomsburg Official Directory.

*Bloomsburg Banking Co.*—JOHN A. FUNSTON President, H. H. GROTZ, Cashier.
*First National Bank*—CHAS. B. PAXTON, Pres't, J. P. TUSTIN, Cashier.
*Columbia County Mutual Saving Fund and Loan Association*—E. H. LITTLE, Pres't., C. W. MILLER, Sec'y.
*Bloomsburg Building and Saving Fund Association*—JOHN THOMAS, Pres't., J. B. ROBISON, Sec.
*Bloomsburg Mutual Saving Fund Association*—J. J. BROWER, President, M. WHITMOYER, Sec'y.

### Bloomsburg Directory.

PAPER BAGS just received and for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

STOVES AND TINWARE.

JACOB METZ, dealer in stoves and tinware Main street, above court house.

CLOTHING, &c.

DAVID LOWENBERG, Merchant Tailor, Main st., 2d door above American House.

WM. MORRIS, Merchant Tailor corner of Centre and Main st., over Miller's store.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, &c.

E. P. LUTZ, Druggist and Apothecary, Main st. below the Post Office.

MOYER BROS., Druggists and Apothecaries, Brower's block Main st.

CLOCKS, WATCHES, &C.

HENRY ZUPPINGER, Watches, Spectacles & Jewelry &c., Main Street near West st.

C. E. SAVAGE, dealer in Clocks, Watches and Jewelry, Main st., just below the American House.

LOUIS BERNHARD, Watch and Clock maker near southeast corner Main and Iron sts.

R. CATHCART, Watch and Clock Maker, Market street, below Main.

BOOTS AND SHOES.

E. M. KNORR, Dealer in Boots and Shoes, latest and best styles, corner Main and Market Streets, in the old Post Office.

DAVID BETZ, Boot and Shoemaker, Main st. below Hartman's store, west of Market.

HENRY KLEIM, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes, Groceries, etc., Main street, East Bloomsburg.

C. M. BROWN, Boot and Shoemaker, Main street, under Brown's Hotel.

PROFESSIONAL.

DR. H. C. HOWER, Surgeon Dentist, Main st., above the Court House.

DR. WM. M. REBER, Surgeon and Physician. Office over the First National Bank.

DR. B. F. KINNEY, Surgeon Dentist.--Teeth extracted without pain: Main st., nearly opposite Episcopal Church.

C. G. BARKLEY, Attorney-at-Law, Office, 2d floor in Exchange Block, near the "Exchange Hotel."

J. B. McKELVY, M. D., Surgeon and Physician north side Main st., below Market.

J. R. EVANS, M. D., Surgeon and Physician, south side Main street, below Market.

J. C. RUTTER, M. D. Surgeon and Physician Market street, above Main.

J. B. ROBISON, Attorney-at-Law, Office Hartman's building, Main street.

MILLINERY & FANCY GOODS.

E. PETERMAN, Millinery and Fancy Goods, opposite Episcopal Church, Main st,

MISS LIZZIE BARKLEY, Milliner, Ramsey building Main street.

MISS M. DERRICKSON, Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below Market.

MRS. E. KLINE, Millinery and Fancy Goods Main street below Market.

MRS. JULIA A. & SADE BARKLEY, Ladies' Cloaks and Dress Patterns, southeast corner Main and West sts.

THE MISSES HARMAN Millinery and Fancy Goods, Main st., below American House.

HOTELS AND SALOONS.

FORKS HOTEL, by T. Bent. Taylor, east end of Main street.

MERCHANTS AND GROCERS.

C. C. MARR, Dry Goods and Notions, southwest corner Main and Iron sts.

D. A. BECKLEY, Boot and Shoe store, books & stationery, Main st., below Market.

E. JACOBS, Confectionery, groceries etc., Main st., below Iron

FOX & WEBB, Confectionery and Bakery, wholesale and retail, Exchange Block.

H. C. HOWER, Hatsend Caps, Boots and Shoes, Main st., above Court House.

J. H. MAIZE, Mammoth Grocery, fine Groceries, Fruits, Nuts, Provision, &c., Main and Iron Streets.

M'KELVY, NEAL & CO., dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour, Feed, Salt, Fish, Iron, Nails, etc., N. E. cor. Main and Market sts.

S. H. MILLER & SON, dealers in Dry Goods, Groceries, Queensware, Flour, Salt, Shoes, Notions, etc., Main st.

MISCELLANEOUS.

CONSTABLES BLANKS for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, Saddle, Trunk & Harness-maker, Shive's Block Main Street.

D. W. ROBBINS, liquor dealer second door from northwest corner Main and Iron sts.

E. J. THORNTON, Wall Paper, Window Shades and fixtures, Rupert block, Main st.

G. W. CORELL, Furniture Rooms, three story brick, Main Street, west of Market st.

H. ROSENSTOCK, Photographer, over Robbins & Eyer's Store, Main st.

I. S. KUHN, dealer in Meat, Tallow, etc., Chemberlin's alley, rear of American House.

R. H. RINGLER, dealer in pianos, organs and melodeons, at G. W. Corell's furniture rooms

SAMUEL JACOBY, Marble and Brown Stone Works, East Bloomsburg, Berwick road.

WM. RABB, dealer in furniture, trunks, ceder willow ware, near the Forks Hotel.

C. FOSTER, Glue Maker, and White and Fancy Tanner, Scottown.

E. B. BIDLEMAN, Agent for Munson's Copper Tubular Lightning Rod.

NOTE BOOKS, and blank NOTES, with or without exemption, for sale at the COLUMBIAN Office.

### Light Street.

H. F. OMAN & Co., Wheelwrights, first door above School House.

JOHN A. OMAN, Manufacturer and dealer in Boots and Shoes

R. S. ENT, dealer in Stoves and Tin ware in all its branches.

PETER ENT, Miller, and dealer in all kinds of Grain, Flour, Feed, &c. All kinds of Grain purchased.

### Espy.

B. F. REIGHARD & BRO., dealer in Dry Goods, Groceries, and general Merchandise.

ESPY STEAM FLOURING MILLS, C.S. Fowler Proprietor.

J. D. WERKHEISER, Boot and Shoe Store and manufactory. Shop on Main Street opposite the Steam Mill.

T. W. EDGAR, Susquehanna Planing Mill and Box Manufacturing.

### Orangeville Directory.

A. B. HERRING & BROTHER, Carpenters and Builders, Main st., below Pine.

BOWER & HERRING, dealer in Dry Goods' Groceries, Lumber and general Merchandise Main st.

BRICK HOTEL and refreshment Saloon, by Rohr M'Henry cor. of Main and Pine st.

DR. O. A. MEGARGEL, Physician and Surgeon Main st., next door to Good's Hotel.

DAVID HERRING, Flour and Grist Mill, and Dealer in grain, Mill Street,

JAMES B. HARMAN, Cabinet Maker and Undertaker, Main St., below Pine.

SCHUYLER & CO., Iron founders, Machinists and Manufacturers of plows, Mill St.

SAMUEL SHARPLESS, Maker of the Hayhurst Grain Cradle, Main St.

WILLIAM DELONG Shoemaker and manufacturer of Brick, Mill st., west of Pine

### Catawissa.

B. F. DALLMAN, Merchant Tailor, Second St. Robbins' Building.

DR. J. K. ROBBINS, Surgeon and Physician Second St., below Main.

GILBERT & KLINE, dry goods, groceries, and general merchandise, Main Street

J. B. KISTLER, "Catawissa House," North Corner Main and Second Streets.

L. KEILER, Billard Saloon, Oysters, and Ice Cream in season Main St.

M. M. BROBST, dealer in General Merchandise Dry Goods, Groceries &c.

SUSQUEHANNA or Brick Hotel, S. Kostenbander Proprietor, south-east corner Main and Second Street.

WM. H. ABBOTT, Attorney at law, Main St.

### Buck Horn.

M. G. & W. H. SHOEMAKER, dealers in dry goods, groceries and general merchandise. First store in south end of town.

### Philadelphia Directory.

RICHARDSON L. WRIGHT, JR.

ATTORNEY AT LAW,
NO. 128 SOUTH SIXTH STREET,
PHILADELPHIA

jan. 1'71--1y

J. M. KEPHEART,
WITH
BARNES, BRO. & HERRON,
HATS, CAPS, STRAW GOODS & FURS,
No. 503 Market Street,
(Above Fifth,)
PHILADELPHIA.

WAINWRIGHT & CO.,
WHOLESALE GROCERS,
N. E. Corner Second and Arch Streets,
PHILADELPHIA,
Dealers in
TEAS, SYRUPS, COFFEE, SUGAR, MOLASSES
RICE, SPICES, BI CARB SODA, &C., &C.
Orders will receive prompt attention. may 10,67-tf.

### Business Cards.

C. B. BROCKWAY,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE--Court House Alley, in the COLUMBIAN building. [Jan4,'67.

A. L. TURNER
PHYSICIAN AND SURGEON,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.
OFFICE over Lutz's Drug Store. Residence Market Street, 1st door below Rev. D. J. Waller. dec16'70.

C. W. MILLER,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office. Bounties, back-Pay and Pensions collected. Bloomsburg Pa. sep.30'67

ROBERT F. CLARK,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Main Street below the Court House. Bloomsburg Penn'a.

E. H. LITTLE,
ATTORNEY AT LAW,
Office Court-House Alley, below the COLUMBIAN Office, Bloomsburg Pa.

VETERINARY.
AUGUST FRIEND,
late from Germany, offers his services to the public as a celebrated
HORSE AND COW DOCTOR,
and all other animals, for which his charges are moderate. He can always be found east side of Berwick road, near S. H. Jacoby's Marble Yard. Bloomsburg, May 12, 1871-1y.

E. J. THORNTON
would announce to the citizens of Bloomsburg and vicinity, that he has just received a full and complete assortment of
WALL PAPER, WINDOW SHADES,
FIXTURES, CORDS, TASSELS,
and all other goods in his line of business. All the newest and most approved patterns of the day are always to be found in his establishment. mar.5,'69-tf Main St. below Market.

BOOTS AND SHOES.
CLARK M. BROWN,
MAIN STREET, UNDER BROWN'S HOTEL.
A full and complete assortment of ready made boots and shoes for men, women and children just received and for sale at reasonable rates. Varieties to suit all classes of customers. The best of work done at short notice, as heretofore. Give him a call. [Jan 1'71.

NEW STOVE AND TIN SHOP.
ISAIAH HAGENBUCH,
Main Street one door above E. Mendenhall's Store.
A large assortment of Stoves, Heaters and Ranges constantly on hand, and for sale at the lowest rates.
Tinning in all its branches carefully attended to, and satisfaction guaranteed.
Tin work of all kinds wholesale and retail. A trial is requested.
Jan 1'71

NEW COAL YARD.
THE undersigned respectfully inform the citizens of Bloomsburg and Columbia county, that they keep all the different numbers of stove coal and selected lump coal for smithing purposes, on their wharf, adjoining M'Kelvy, Neal & Co's Furnace, with a good pair of Buffalo scales on the wharf, to weigh coal, hay, and straw Likewise a horse and wagon, to deliver coal to those who prefer it. As they purchase a large amount of coal, they intend to keep a superior article, and sell at the very lowest prices. Please call and examine for yourselves before purchasing elsewhere. J. W. HENDERSHOT,
AUGUSTUS MASON.

THE undersigned will take in exchange for Coal and Groceries, the following named articles:--Wheat, Rye, Corn, Oats, Potatoes, Lard, Ham, Shoulder, and side meat, Butter Eggs, Hay, &c., at the highest cash prices, at his Grocery Store, adjoining their coal yard,
J. W. HENDERSHOT.
Bloomsburg Mar. 19,'69-1y.

RARE CHANCE.
FOR SALE--A second-hand "Arion" piano-forte, price $675, cost $560. This superbe instrument was bought at an auction sale of private property in New York, and had been but a few weeks in use. It is in perfect order and in every respect equal to a new piano. Terms possitively cash in advance. Address for one week
C. W. FOSTER,
may 26'71--tf Mauch Chunk, Pa.

CURLING CREAM.
By using this article Ladies and Gentlemen can beautify themselves a thousand fold. This is the only article that will curl straight hair, and at the same time give to it a beautiful appearance. It also invigorates, beautifies and cleanses. It can be so applied as to cause the hair to curl any length of time desired. Sent by mail for 50 cts. a package. Address
ABNER TOWNSLEY,
Middletown, Adams Co., Pa.
sept1'71-6m.

BUSINESS CARDS,
VISITING CARDS,
LETTER HEADS,
BILL HEADS,
PROGRAMMES,
POSTERS,
&c., &C.
Neatly and Cheaply Printed
From the Latest Styles of Type at the
COLUMBIAN OFFICE.


## Miscellaneous.

THE HISTORY OF COLUMBIA county from its organization in 1813 to 1871, Compiled and edited by JOHN G. FREEZE. One volume octavo, 500 pages, Cloth $2.50, half library, $3.50, full library $4.50.

Beginning with the early history of the territory comprised within the limits of Columbia and Montour, this volume gives the organization by its original boundaries, its subsequent legislative reductions, and the erection of Montour county. A chapter on the streams and mountains--the date of the erections of the townships and boroughs, and the territory out of which they were formed--the personnel of the courts, comprising the names of the President Judges the Associates, the Prothonotaries, Registers, Sheriffs and the resident Attorneys of both Columbia and Montour.

It has chapters on Bloomsburg, Danville, Berwick, Catawissa and the smaller towns. Full educational statistics, The Removal Question, and the Vote on it by townships.

The census by townships, including Montour, from 1820 to 1870, the taxables for 1871 and the number of acres of land in each township. A very complete list of the members of Congress, Senate and House, representing Columbia county, with full and various election returns for State and Federal offices by townships.

THE WAR RECORD OF COLUMBIA AND MONTOUR

counties, comprising the muster roll of all the companies and parts of companies recruited therein, the No. of the Regiment, the battles they were engaged in, with numerous items of personal interest. A list of all the drafted men, the names of the conscientious-scruple exempts and the emergency men of September, 1862 and June 1863, being a complete war record of the rebellion.

ALSO

THE INVASION OF COLUMBIA COUNTY,

the trials of our citizens, the great argument of Judge Black on Military Commissions, and the opinion of the United States Supreme Court, condemning them. Together with much other curious important, and interesting matter.

GEORGE A. CLARK, of Bloomsburg, is authorized to receive subscriptions for the work; to be paid for on delivery. aug. 18,'71-3m

NORMAL SCHOOL.

The institution heretofore known as the
MADISON ACADEMY,
WILL BE OPENED ON
MONDAY, OCTOBER 2d, 1871,
AS THE
WAVERLY NORMAL SCHOOL
UNDER THE CHARGE OF
PROF. H. D. WALKER, A. M.

THE SCHOOL WILL BE AT ONCE ORGANIZED AS A
NORMAL SCHOOL,
AND THE
COURSE OF STUDY

of its several classes will correspond to the course adopted by the Board of Principals of the State Normal Schools of Pennsylvania, and approved by the State Authorities.

The grade of each class will be definitely fixed; and pupils on entering the School, will be examined, and placed in the class whose studies, they by their ability and attainments, are fitted to pursue.

Students so wishing, and in the judgment of the Principal competent, will be allowed to pursue a Select Course of Study.

Prof. WALKER, and his reputation as an Educator, are too well known to need any commendation from the Board of Trustees; especially in Luzerne County, where he has spent twelve years of his professional life.

For particulars respecting Board, Tuition, Books, &c., Address the Principal, or
NORMAN PHELPS, Esq.,
Secretary of Trustees.
Waverly, Luzerne county, Sept. 20th, 1871-tf.

1115 WM. T. HOPKINS, 133

1115 CHESNUT ST., (Girard Row,)

133 NORTH-EIGHTH STREET

(N. E. COR. 8TH AND CHERRY.)

PHILADELPHIA.

Manufacturer and Dealer of our Four Great Specialties.

Our Celebrated Champion Hoop Skirts, including 700 styles and sizes, for Ladies, Misses and Children. Manufactured to meet the wants of first-class trade, at the lowest prices.

CORSETS in 127 styles and grades to meet the wants of all, from 40c. to $6.85 per pair, including Thomson's Glove Fitting, Rohr Werly's, J. Reikel's, Mad. Foy's, Mrs. Manly's Misses' and Children's Corsets &c., together with every other desirable make, at prices beyond competition.

PANIER BUSTLES in 53 varieties, from 30c. to $8.00, including Hair Cloth, 75c; Bon Ton, 47c; Nilson, 53c; New Broadway, 68c; Elect, 88c., and every other desirable Bustle at lower prices than at any other parties in the trade.

LADIES' UNDERGARMENTS in every quality, from the finest to the lowest prices. Tucked and Fancy Muslin Skirts, in 22 varieties, from 70c. to $7.00. Chemises from 65c. to $4.75. Drawers, 62c. to $5.50. Night Dresses, $1.00 to $9.65. Toilet Sacks, 81c. to $6.45. Corset Covers, $1.00 to $5.50. Aprons, Misses' and Children's Under Garments, &c., &c.

We have the largest, best and cheapest lines of the above goods in Philadelphia. Every purchaser can save time and money by examining them. Wholesale and Retail. Oct29m3.
Sept. 20, 1871.

JOHN G. JACOBY'S
BAKERY AND CONFECTIONERY!
BERWICK, PENN'A.

The undersigned would respectfully inform the Citizens of Berwick, and vicinity, that he has opened a Confectionery and Bakery in

ODD FELLOWS' HALL,

Berwick, Pa., where he is prepared to furnish all kinds of
PLAIN AND FANCY CANDIES,
FRENCH CANDIES,
FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC FRUITS
ORANGES, LEMONS, RAISINS
&c., &c., &c., &c.
BY WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

Among the assortment will be found Cream Nuts, English Walnuts, Peanuts, Almonds, Filberts, Figs, Apples, Cocoa Nuts, Jellies of different kinds, Mustard, Catsup, Pickles, Chocolate, Canned Fruit of all kinds, Corn Starch, Egg Biscuit, Soda Crackers, Oyster Crackers, Cheese, Soap, Writing Paper, Agreement Papers, Envelopes,

FISH AND OYSTERS,

And produce of all kinds. Fresh Bread and Cakes every day. Ice Cream in Season. Your patronage is solicited.
JOHN G. JACOBY.
Berwick, Jan 1'71--ly

LADIES' FANCY FURS!

JOHN FAREIRA,

718 ARCH ST., Middle of the Block, between 7th and 8th Sts., South Side, PHILADELPHIA, Importer, Manufacturer and Dealer in all kinds and quality of

FANCY FURS

FOR LADIES' AND CHILDREN'S WEAR.

Having imported a very large and splendid assortment of all the different kinds of Furs from first hands in Europe, and have had them made up by the most skilful workmen, would respectfully invite the readers of this paper to call and examine his very large and beautiful assortment of Fancy FURS, FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN. I am determined to sell at as LOW PRICES AS ANY other respectable House in this city. All FURS WARRANTED. NO MISREPRESENTATION TO EFFECT SALES.
JOHN FAREIRA,
718 ARCH STREET, PHILADELPHIA.
oct20'71-3m.

GLOBE MUTUAL
LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY
OF
NEW YORK.

Pliny Freeman, President, H. C. Freeman, Sec
Cash capital over $2,000,000, all paid.

J. B. ROBISON, BLOOMSBURG, PA
GENERAL AGENT,
For Luzerne, Lycoming and Columbia counties.
Aug. 30,'69.

MAGAZINES, DAILY & WEEKLY PAPERS OF ALL KINDS
AT THE BOOK STORE OPPOSITE THE COURT HOUSE.

Also an assortment of Portemonnaies, Pass Books and Account Books, constantly on hand. Books not on hand obtained on short notice.

New Books are constantly being added to the "Bloomsburg Circulating Library." Among the latest are "Guilt and Innocence," "Motherless," "Sir Harry," "Hot Spur of Rumblethwait," and "Merquem," etc. apr 28,'71--tf

BARGAINS--BARGAINS.

QUICK SALES AND SMALL PROFITS.
SAVE YOUR MONEY.
Go to
HENRY YOST,
East Bloomsburg, Pa., for all kinds of the best home and city made
FURNITURE.
Prices reasonable and the best work done. jan 1'71--tf

## Poetical.

### Always Do to Others as You Wish to be Done By.

We meet with many curious folks
As through the world we roam;
Some who are full of fun and jokes,
While others pine and moan.
I care not whether grave or gay;
One thing we all should try,
That is "do to others, as
You'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.--Then "bear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

Perhaps in business you've been wronged
By some "defaulting rogue,"
For by such scamps the world is thronged,
They long have been in vogue;
Don't seek revenge on such a wretch,
But to forgive him try,
And thus you "do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.--Then "bear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

If you are rich, and some "old friend"
Is "down at heel" and poor,
Well, let the bar of station bend,
And "open wide your door"
To welcome him, as you were wont
"In better days gone by,"
And thus you do to him, poor man,
As "you'd wish to be done by."
CHORUS.--Then "bear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you try,
And "always do to others as
You'd wish to be done by."

I think by what I've said or sung,
In this my song to-night,
That I have proved to every one
The glorious might of right,
So let us all make this resolve,
And keep it till we die,
That is to "do to others as
We'd wish to be done by,"
CHORUS.--Then "bear good will to all men,"
It's easy if you'll try,
And "always do to others as
We'd wish to be done by."

### Judge Ye Not.

Ye who cull the weeds and poisons,
Cropping from the human heart,
Holding up the dross and folly,
Carping on the vilest part,
Wrapped in self, and self so loving
That we have but hate to spare
For the weakness of a nature,
Made so frail that it can err.

Ye are killing all the beauty
That sin and folly hide,
And are crushing out the flowers
With the cruelty of pride;
Ye are blotting all the lustre
Of the jewels hid within,
That perhaps are brightly shining
'Neath their covering of sin.

That which Christ has called the greatest
That without which all is dross,
Ye forgetting, cast your venom
Under shadow of the cross.
Teach your heart some kindlier lesson,
Cleanse from soil the robes ye wear,
Judge ye not the lives of others,
Lest yourselves the judgment share.

### Remember.

Whatever life may be or bring,
In May time or December,
The sweetest burden of its songs
Will always be--Remember!

Though we have seen our youth depart,
Lost friends, and still regret them,
Behold our dear ones fade and die--
We would not yet forget them!

Not yet, nor ever; for when age
Covers o'er life's dying ember,
The way to keep our old hearts warm
Will still be--to Remember!

## Miscellaneous.

### SUSAN LIPPE; OR THE LAWSUIT.

"I tell you what it is, gal," said old Mr. Lippe to his daughter Susan, "I'm determined never to hev a edicated feller for my son-in-law; that's a fixed fact."

"But, father," said Susan, "education don't make or unmake a man any more than riches do. It's the soul, the principle, that constitutes a man."

"Very true, Susan," rejoined daddy Lippe, "and I've found precious little principle in college-bred fellers. I tell you that I've got along well enough, and allus made my mark." As the old man said this his eye roved out of the window over his broad and well improved homestead with a glint of self-satisfaction.

Susan's father was no exception to men of his class, who, when they imbibe an idea, are pig-headed in their adherence to it. Susan understood this trait of her father's and letting the argument drop, relapsed into silence.

While old Mr. Lippe entertained such notions of letters, and, by the way, was always taking pains to inform everybody concerning them, he had deviated somewhat with respect to his only child, Susan, who had improved the advantages bestowed by an excellent public school, situated in Stanhope, a small village adjoining her father's farm. Her mind, too, being naturally of a studious cast, she had stored it with an unusually large amount of information, which displayed itself in a refined conversation and well-bred vivacity of manners. To these graces of intellect, was combined a beautiful person, and, as a matter of consequence, her hand was the coveted prize of more than one young man in the neighborhood.

To the blandishments of the sterner sex, however, Susan turned a deaf ear. The young Stanhopers loved her father's broad acres full as well as they did his daughter, who, with the quick instinct of a woman, penetrated the shallowness of their protestations of love. Besides, there was a young lawyer who had entered suit for her heart, and won his case, while teaching school a short time previous to his admission to the bar. It would have been singular if the daughter of obstinate Lippe had not been equally obstinate in the constancy of her affection for Henry Coverdale, her litigatious lover.

Of this attachment, however, daddy Lippe was blissfully ignorant. He had never seen young Coverdale, and that young gentleman being well aware of the antipathies of his contemplated father-in-law toward schoolmasters and their ilk, prudently refrained from visiting Susan at her home. The accommodations of the house of a maternal aunt of Susan's, in Stanhope, were vouchsafed them, her uncle, the harnessmaker, rather liking, than otherwise, their clandestine visits. In this way the lovers managed to keep the fire on the alter of their hearts fanned to a bright flame. The impatient Coverdale desired to bring his suit to an issue, but the dutiful Susan would not consent to an elopement. With the hope of modifying her sire's views on the subject of education, she had introduced the theme, with what success is recorded above.

That night, after family prayers, quite an animated colloquy took place between Susan's parents. The door of Susan's chamber being ajar, she became an innocent listener to the conversation which, as it concerned herself alone, proved rather interesting. Mother Lippe was in Susan's secret, and favored it with all her might.

"Now, old man," said she, as that functionary was covering up the fire, the last thing before going to bed, "it's downright mean in you to oppose Susan's ijees about larning. I'm sot not to hev any ignorant scalawag rooting round arter my darter."

"I rule this roost," responded daddy Lippe.

"And I'll make the roost for you," rejoined the dame. "Times ain't now what they was when we were youngsters. Just think of mating Susal to Mat Awl, or yet to Chris. Gabby, the shoemaker, who has about as much of an ijee of books as a hog has of meetin'."

"There's no mite of use argufying about it, old woman; I'm sot."

"And so am I," replied the irate dame. "And we'll see who'll sit to the most purpose. If Susan can't marry the kind of a man she wants to, she can stay at home, and that's the end of it."

With this clincher mother Lippe turned her face to the wall, and refused to say another word.

In the meantime, Henry Coverdale was gradually winning his way to eminence. As a speaker he stood head and shoulders above any of the young men, his associates at the bar. The result of his efforts also began to flow in upon him in a golden stream. Yet, still he remained a bachelor, though many wondered. Still there were no signs of old Mr. Lippe relaxing in the least from his views on "education."

However, things were destined to shape themselves entirely different to what a mere observer might reasonably hope to expect.

This grew out of Coverdale's love for Susan, which now assumed the cast of impatience.

One day a young man in homespun garb presented himself at the house of old Mr. Lippe, and inquired if he wanted to hire a hand on the farm.

The old farmer eyed him for some moments, and finding him remarkably well favored and knit together, said:

"Where are you from?"

"I live at Monroe, when at home," replied the young man.

"Raised on a farm?"

"Yes, sir."

"About how much do you want a month?"

"Whatever you think is right."

"You'll never get along in the world, unless you drive a better bargain than that," said Mr. Lippe. "But I'll tell you what I'll do. You shall work a month for twenty dollars, and after that, if we suit one another, we'll bargain for a year."

"Agreed," said the young man, and was forthwith installed as hired hand.

As the reader guesses, the hand was none other than Henry Coverdale, who had commenced to put into operation a plan to gain the old man's consent to his union with Susan.

Time wagged along. Old Lippe was mightily pleased with his hired hand, and often praised him to the women folk. Indeed he looked with a degree of complacency on his attentions to Susan, which began to be marked, and Coverdale was on the point of popping the question, when a circumstance happened as follows:

The farm of Mr. Lippe was a part of a tract, the title of which had formerly been in dispute, though it was indeed and in equity his. Just at this time one of those land sharks that infest the country raked up a worthless claim, and entered suit for possession.

This proceeding was so obviously absurd and rascally, that Mr. Lippe merely laughed at it, although at the advice of his hired hand he appeared at court to refute the claim; supposing, however, that his bare word would be all sufficient to dispose of the scoundrel of a land shark. His hired hand also concluded to lose the day and go with him, in order, he said, "to see what a judge and court were like."

Old Mrs. Lippe and Susan accompanied them for the purpose of making some purchases, as they could get better bargains in the county town than in Stanhope.

This conversation of the family had placed Henry Coverdale in full possession of the facts in the case, and he had manifested such an interest in the affair, and appeared to be so anxious as to the result, that the old man was not astonished at seeing him enter the bar and take a chair by his side. He noticed, also, that his dame and Susan were among the spectators in the court-room.

The case was called and the lawyer for the plaintiff arose and made out so plausible a statement that it enraged the old man dreadfully, so much that he could scarcely contain himself until the lawyer concluded.

The moment he sat do wn the old man sprang to his feet.

"See, here," exclaimed he. "Here are deeds, and every man in this court-room knows me well enough to know that I never got them by rascality, or claimed more than was justly mine."

"All this may be true," replied the judge, "but the court demands legal proof relative to the points at issue. I presume you have an attorney, Mr. Lippe?"

"Never said a word to a single one. I never thought it worth while," said the old man, perfectly aghast at the turn matters were taking.

At this stage Lippe's hired hand rose to his feet.

"May it please the court, I will undertake the case for Mr. Lippe," he said.

"A pretty case you'll make of it," said the old man. "You can plow corn a wonderful sight better."

"I assure Mr. Lippe that Mr. Coverdale is perfectly competent for the task," said the judge, who was well acquainted with the young lawyer, and who, though ignorant of his present relations, fancied he smelt a joke in the actions of the parties.

"Mebbe your honor is right," said Mr. Lippe; "but plague take me, if you don't find him a likely sight better farm hand than lawyer."

A general titter ran around the bar.

The suit proceeded. The young attorney, having previously mastered the whole ground, entered into its merits with such force and clearness as astonished even the court. But how shall we paint the surprise of old Mr. Lippe! It took him by storm. At every word of the young lawyer he seemed to distend with astonishment, until his amazement was something so ridiculously appalling as to convulse the entire audience with laughter. Peal after peal resounded, and even the fat sides of the judge, forgetting their gravity, seemed ready to shake to pieces with merriment.

"Who, who, who are you?" at last gasped the old man.

"Sit down, Mr. Lippe," said Coverdale. "I am attending to the case." Then stooping he whispered in his ear; "I am trying to earn Susan."

"She's your's," shouted the old man, regardless of the bystanders, or the court, which having now an inkling of the matter, gave a loose rein to their jubilant feelings. How Susan felt, however, can be better imagined than described. She blushed like one of her mother's peonies, and hastily hid her face in her veil.

When the merriment had subsided and old Mr. Lippe had secured his equanimity, the happy attorney proceeded, and finally made so clear a case for his involuntary client, as caused the judge to dismiss the suit. The old man left the court in triumph, and with his hired hand, proceeded forthwith to the clerk's office, where a license was procured. The judge gave the court a short recess and united the happy pair in the bonds of matrimony.

Since that event, Mr. Lippe has changed his views on educational matters. The other day as Judge Coverdale was leaving home to take his seat in Congress, he said to his grandson:

"Lippe Coverdale, get your lessons well, and who knows but what you'll go to Congress too."

"Who knows!" exclaimed the happy Susan.

### Ancient Coins.

Money consists of whatever is used in exchange for something else. As soon as mankind increased in numbers, they commenced to exchange one article for another in trade. This was done first, by using some substance of great value and small in bulk. At a very early period metalic exchanges were made by weight, the giver of the money weighing out so many pieces of gold or silver. At a later period actual coins, having a certain weight and guaranteed by the government with the stamp or seal of the State, were made the medium of exchanges. At what period gold and silver were first used is not known. Nearly 2,000 years before the Christian era, Abraham returned from Egypt, very rich in cattle, silver and gold. The shape of silver and gold among the Egyptians appears to have been that of a ring, with an opening on one side to form a chain when it was necessary. This sort of money passed by weight. Thus Abraham weighed four hundred sheckels of money to the merchant. The Jews never had any other mode of using coin than by weight so long as they were an independent nation. Furthermore, it may be a new idea to many that they never used gold as a coin. Silver and copper were their sole medium. You never hear them talking about sheckels of gold in any of their writings.

Among the Egyptians and Assyrians the coin was frequently in the shape of a sheep or a lamb, possibly of the value of these animals. It has been supposed that the change from weight to a coin representing a given value was first made by the Romans. The pound weight was stamped with the image of an ox. Hence our word *pecuniary* is derived from the Latin word *peounia*, signifying money, which in turn was derived from the word *pecu*, signifying cattle. Thus an immense stride was made in civilization when a real value was given to coin guaranteed by the State, so as to avoid the necessity of weighing it every time a transaction was made. The earliest coins were exceedingly rude in character. They were not perfectly round, as you now see them. A die was formed, over which the coin was placed, and then it was struck with a punch, which stamped the coin on one side, and left a rude dent on the other. After awhile, a die was made on the end of the punch so that both sides were stamped.

Alexander I, King of Macedonia, is the first who had his name stamped upon a coin. The Athenians made the owl their type. This gave rise to the anecdote of the Athenian miser, the roof of whose house was said to be infested with a vast number of owls, in allusion to money of the well known Athenian type being concealed there.

The Romans carried on the coining of money to a high degree of perfection. Each State and sometimes a single city was authorized to issue its own coins. Every coin was a brief history of the age in which it was struck. The skill of the artizan, the composition of the coin, the history of the people, and the name of the ruling monarch were frequently told on the same coin. It is probable that almost the only portraits we have of the ancients are what may be seen on ancient coins that have come down to us. It is very singular that when they could stamp on copper, silver and gold the names of kings, that the art of printing was not known till within less than five hundred years. An immense number of ancient coins are preserved in museums in Europe. They are valuable records of past history. They are in fact printed books, on whose surfaces are stamped the records of past ages. It is said that ancient Roman coins are still in circulation in Spain. They have become worn smooth and thin by time.—*Maine Farmer.*

### Women and Politics.

The advocates of what are called woman's rights demand that women shall be admitted to all the political or other functions at present discharged solely by men. It is objected that various grave inconveniences, arising out of the mere fact of sexual difference, would follow such a change; that women themselves would be losers by it in many respects, and that the best of them would suffer in their purity and refinement by being mixed up in some of man's ruder avocations. To this the answer is, that the introduction of woman as an active participant will purify politics, transform trade, and reform society generally. Woman, being the better element, will put down the worse element as soon as she gets fair play.

Allowing that the mass of female morality in this or any other country is far beyond the mass of male morality (a proposition which is by no means an axiom, and might be made the theme of much discussion), it does not at all follow that the universal combination of the two forces will produce an improvement. When we pour a certain quantity of cognac into a certain quantity of water, we can tell exactly what percentage of alcohol our grog will contain. When we take a definite proportion of gamboge, we can tell precisely what shade of green will be produced by the mixture. But we cannot settle moral combinations beforehand on this tangible and mechanical basis. An innocent young man who consorts with vicious associates is in danger of being corrupted by them. Few parents would like to run the chance of his converting the others; the experiment would be too risky. On the other hand, let a vicious boy enter a select school; he *may* be reformed there, or he may damage the whole establishment. Any of us who have had experience in these matters know how care

# The Columbian.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

*Friday, November 17, 1871*


**The Conduct of Campaigns.**

We have heretofore pretty fully discussed the short-comings of those in charge of recent political campaigns on the part of the Democracy. We did not do this for the sake of attack upon any body but because we were tired and disgusted with incompetency in the lead and desired to arouse the party to the importance of selecti ng first class men—our very ablest statesmen—to head the political management. And we do not mean to find fault now with our kindly brethren of the press who seem to think that the chief purpose of editorial existence is to puff somebody and who prefer to wrap themselves in that silky garment and dream of milk and molasses than to encounter the sterner duty imposed by vigorous war upon the enemy and whatever stands in the way of victory.

We believe that the way to have obtained victory would have been to expose the wrong action of the Radicals, in documents accompanied by clear and undeniable proof of every statement and assertion made. No victory can be won or is worth winning that is not attained by appeals to the judgement based on facts so clearly established and reasons so forcible that no man of ordinary sense may doubt.

The facts in complete detail and with clear proof of each item ought to have been held up to the people of the amounts of cash of which they were daily being swindled by officials who had no profitable duties to perform, by unnecessary and incompetent officers, and of the amounts stolen by the hundreds (perhaps thousands) of defaulters:

Of the robberies by the Freedman's Bureau throughout its ramifications:

Of the unnecessary, extravagant and wasteful salaries paid to useless hordes of officers and employees:

Of all the appropriations in money by Congress, with detailed statements of its profligate expenditure:

Of the villainous appropriations by Congress of public lands to States and corporations:

Detailed statements of the fortunes made by Presidents, Cabinet officers, Congressmen, and other officials during Radical supremacy:

Of the outrages upon the elective franchise and the oppressions of the people in various localities:

Of the burden imposed upon the people by the National Banking system and the financial operations of the Federal Treasury department:

Of the unjust and burdensome character of our tariff laws, the palpable pampering of New England at the expense of the rest of the nation as well by the tariff as by appropriations and the banking scheme:

Of the unfair and burdensome system of taxation by which labor and industry are compelled to bear the burden of our enormous Federal debt, while capital is practically exempted:

A complete list of the public presents received by the President and the offices he has given as consideration therefor and to encourage the same:

And a thousand more oppressions, robberies and rascalities not necessary now to rehearse.

We assert that full exposure of these, with due demonstration and proof thereof, would crush and destroy any party. Newspaper writers could not hunt up the information both for want of time and means. Whose duty was it to do it and whose fault that it was neglected? *The State Committee's!* It, and it alone, had the means to gather all this information, and it and it alone is responsible for the failure to give the people this very proper information.

Yet Col. BIDDLE, overflowing with a generosity that does far more honor to his heart than to his intellect (unjust to both) tells us in the *Age* that the committee did wonderful work—*all that could be done!* We admire the gentlemanly instincts of Col. BIDDLE, his refined intellect and his patriotism, his overflowing generosity of heart, but when he so flatly at once endorses and exculpates the committee, in words that comprehend the whole but give no detail, we must ask him wherein did the committee discharge its duty? What did it do? *We assert it was scarcely heard of in the campaign.* We point our noble friend to the fact that in nearly every strong hold our party was divided, and distracted and weakened by division, (induced mostly by Radical money) and that the State committee did nothing publicly (and probably nothing otherwise) to put a stop to this suicidal action.

An address written by Judge BLACK, it is true, was published in the papers, but was suffered to fall without attention. The unfortunate paragraph in it that destroyed its usefulness ought to have been left out, and then the people should not have heard the last of his argument until the election had gone. And this was the beginning and end of the public efforts of the committee! What it did privately we do not know and it amounted to nothing at any rate.

*What is wanted in the future is one of our first men at the head of the State committee.* Give us Judge WOODWARD, or HIESTER CLYMER, or Judge BLACK, or Mr. BUCKALEW, and if victory does not follow, then, at least, the idea that the first intellect at the head of affairs is the true road to success, will cease to obtrude itself on men's minds and inferior ambitious but no less worthy men can have *their* way.

This article is growing too long. In the future we will point out some further reformation that ought to be made. But we take this occasion to say that we shall speak without fear or favor, as is our habit, and that it will therefore be quite unnecessary for kind-hearted brethren to piddle into the stream with their never-ceasing puffs and honied words. We mean to deal with stern realities.

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IT appears from their investigation that in "killed, wounded and missing" the workingmen in Paris have decreased in number to the extent of 100,000. As regards some special trades the statistics they give are very curious. Out of the 24,000 workmen employed in shoemaking 12,000 are in flight or in prison. The tailors are equally badly off. The jewellers appear to have emigrated *en masse*. The upholstery and furniture trade, which employed upward of 60,000 hands, is just now in a state of collapse for want of skilled hands.

**The Pardoning Power.**

There is no prerogative for the exercise of which Governors and Presidents are more roundly abused than the pardoning power. Some times it is unquestionably exercised for insufficient reasons, but it is more generally condemned simply because those who censure do not know the reasons for the pardon they condemn. Our own experience in connection with administrations is that they do not pardon enough instead of too much, but Executives also are very liable to pardon for improper reasons. The appeals of personal friends and of men of considerable influence, who ask as for personal favor, the touching appeals of wives, mothers and childre n who may suffer more by the incarceration of the criminal than he does himself, being dependent upon him for support, can often be resisted only by the most obdurate heart, yet are not in themselves proper reasons for pardon. We believe that as a rule Executives do not grant one in ten of the pardons applied for—often not one in twenty.

Nearly all the cases are more or less misrepresented to the public. Thus it is stated that JOHN SMITH, convicted of burglary and sentenced to the penitentiary for ten years, has been pardoned by the Governor after serving only a few months. The fact is heralded likely under the caption of "villian let loose." The same announcement is made as regards counterfeiters, thieves, &c.

Now the pardon may have been granted because of after discovered testimony throwing doubt upon guilt or establishing innocence, the sentencing Judge and prosecutors may themselves have come to the conclusion that under the circumstances the punishment inflicted was too severe, the convict may be on the verge of death, (as is often the case) and other equally substantial reasons may have actuated the Executive, yet they are not given to the public with the announcement of the pardon, and the pardoning officer is condemned as though there was neither reason or justification for his action.

Pardons for political reasons or to defeat the operations of law against partizan friends are of course indefensible.

There are other cases of interest in this connection. Some very slight offences may be severely punished under the operation of grading crimes. During the administration of Gov. BIGLER a fellow in Washington county was convicted of a larceny for having stolen a jug of whiskey from a distillery. He was caught crawling out of a window of the building with the jug in hand. He was sentenced to the western penitentiary. Influential friends interfered in his behalf—the severity of the sentence for such an offence appeared obvious as well as unjust—and the Governor pardoned the culprit. In two weeks afterwards he was caught in the very same act and at the same spot!

Horse thieves and counterfeiters rarely quit the business, no matter how often punished. A pardon will sometimes reform them, if young.

It is also to be noted in this connection that in the Scotch-Irish counties persons charged with murder rarely escape conviction, and that convictions upon other charges of crime are more general with them than in the German counties. Judges of the former nationality are more likely to convict and are much more severe in their sentences than the latter.

In the yankeeized counties and localities, cheating, swindling, false pretences, &c., are the most common crimes. Bradford, Tioga, Potter, M'Kean, and the northern part of Lycoming are notorious as affording refuge and concealment to horse thieves, and perhaps aid.

The pardon, by Gov. GEARY, recently, of RICHARD PALMER, of this county convicted of manslaughter was a proper one for proper reasons, and was recommended by the members of the bar, the prosecuting attorney, and the Judge who passed the sentence. This is an example of a just exercise of the pardoning power. The pardon of a Deputy Sheriff in Philadelphia, for taking illegal fees, was little better than the crime itself and deserves reprehension. Granted merely to gratify persons who asked it, it is an example of improper pardons for improper reasons.

Young men, unless hardened villains, should nearly always be pardoned before the expiration of their sentences. It proves to them in a way that cannot otherwise be impressed, that they are not yet outcasts, that they yet have friends who seek their welfare, that they are forgiven and will be protected and encouraged in well-doing. It is saying to them in kindly manner, "go, and sin no more."

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IN South Carolina affairs continue in their usual condition. The Federal authorities are making arrests continually and do not hesitate to act in the most ruffianly manner, using pistols and indulging in insulting language toward their victims. The citizens, although indignant, are disposed to submit to the operations of the odious decree, and make no opposition to the officers. The following incident is indicative of the state of popular feeling. A man about eighty years old, presented himself at the marshal's office in Spartansburg the other day, and said he had come in to confess. The commissioner, thinking he had a rich case in hand, seized his pen and asked: "Now, my good man, what do you know about the Ku-Klux?" "Ku-Klux!" replied the old man, "I know nothing about the Ku-Klux; I came to confess that I am a Democrat!"

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INFORMATION has been received at the Pension Office of the conviction of Samuel A. Savage, in the United States District Court at Pittsburg, Pennsylvania, on the charge of withholding pension money. The defendant was an attorney in Northumberland county, Pennsylvania, and it was alleged that he had collected the sum of $617.63 pension money due to Mrs. Mary Miller on account of the military service and death of her son, Abraham Miller. This amount was withheld from her until after his indictment, when fearing the consequences he paid her in full, but notwithstanding this action the jury have returned a verdict of guilty.

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FRAUDS amounting to half a million of dollars have just been discovered in the payment of bounties to the Creek, Seminole and Cherokee Indians, who furnished three regiments to the United States government in the war. This is another right loyal raid on the treasury. The official investigation shows that bounties were claimed to be paid to soldiers who were not alive, and to widows who never had any husbands.

**Constitutional Amendment.**

HON. F. JORDAN, Secretary of the State, in a communication as to the changes needed in the Constitution of Pennsylvania, suggests the following:

1. An increase of the number of Senators and Representatives in the General Assembly.
2. Biennial sessions of the Legislature.
3. The election by the people of sundry State officers now otherwise chosen.
4. Minority representation.
5. Modification of the pardoning power.
6. A change in the tenure and mode of choosing the judiciary.
7. A change in the date of our annual fall election to the time of the Presidential election, to prevent what is called colonization from surrounding States, and to dispense with one election every fourth year.
8. Further restriction upon the powers of corporations.

Against the 1st and 7th of these propositions we enter a protest. We can see no possible good that can result from the increase of members of the Legislature. It is palpable that the increase of members would reduce the quality—low enough in all conscience already. The body would be unwieldly, ungovernable, corrupt and debased by rings. Already our House of Representatives is a bear garden as compared with the Senate, and can be more readily corrupted at cheaper rates than the latter body. Wherever a body is so large that members can not readily compare views and scan each others' motives, they become corrupt and the instrumentalities of demagogues and other false guides. It destroys responsibility and obscures the action of the representative from the observation of his constituents. Where so many votes are required to pass a measure, its passage can only be effected by combinations, a fruitful source of iniquity and inefficiency. We regard those as substantial objections that can not be overcome or met by advantages that will overbalance them.

We know that the New England legislatures are often referred to as proof that large bodies are incorruptible. People who make such reference simply accept yankee self glorification without inquiry into the facts. To make money by any means possible (especially if the means be hidden, or as the result of political scheming) is not in opposition to yankee morality, if not detected in criminal form. They so much esteem it the business of legislators to make money out of their position if they can, that such action by them is not regarded as a moral offence, and is actually looked upon as a matter of course, justified by its "smartness." Within a brief period, in conversation with a distinguished engineer of this State then in charge of the construction of a railroad in Massachusetts, he said that he feared the project would fail for want of funds—that the State had appropriated largely but that it took so much to pay the members and others engaged in securing the passage of the bills, that the fund was seriously diminished, and that an appropriation then pending was held in abeyance by a legislative committee because the managers would not agree to pay the members the sum demanded by the committee to induce a favorable report! The appropriation was afterwards made, but it became well understood that the road never would be finished unless the legislature would quit making appropriations! This is a sample of the purity of yankee legislation—and of large bodies. We believe Mr. JORDAN to be an honest man, but he has experience in legislation and knows how rings are formed—and how much more formidable and general they are in the House of 100 members than in the Senate of 33.

The 7th proposition is strictly a partizan one—to have the State and Federal elections on the same day, so that the Federal authorities could control the State elections. Of course every man impressed with the danger of permitting the Federal government to control State affairs will oppose this. Whenever Uncle Sam takes it into his head to mind his own business, he will be willing to put up with a separate day for his elections.

The suggestion for the election of additional State officers does not strike us favorably. We see nothing to be gained by transferring the appointing power from the Governor to political conventions, but all to lose, especially as regards competency and integrity. Besides that, our Governor is too much shorn of power already. We would give him sufficient power to enable him to cope with a Federal Executive, at least in political matters of his own party.

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THE Philadelphia *Evening Bulletin*, a Radical paper of character, compliments its co-worker, Forney's *Press*. It says: "The *Press*, being an office-holder's paper, is the anxious apologist for all swindling and cheating on the part of office-holders. It has tried to excuse Evans, Geary and Brewster, through whose conduct the State Treasury has lost three hundred thousand dollars. It has never had a word to say in condemnation of the defalcation of Marcer, the City Treasurer, by which the City of Philadelphia loses nearly half a million of dollars. It sneers at the effort of the Citizen's Reform Association to procure a fair and full investigation, with open doors to the public, of this breach of trust on the part of an office-holder. Naturally, the *Press* is pleased at any judicial or other proceeding that may delay or prevent investigation of the Evans fraud, for it has its private reasons for such pleasure, which would be developed if an investigation took place. It may have similar reasons for desiring to have the Marcer defalcation whitewashed."

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THE carpet-bag Governor of South Carolina makes a most evasive and incomplete reply to the charge of robbing that State. He says he yet has on hand $9,000,000 of the 20,000,000 of bonds which he seems to have had printed surreptitiously; but 11,000,000 is rather a severe addition to a public debt. This Governor is the carpet-bagger who was at the head of the Freedman's Bureau, and thence transferred himself to the Governorship of the State.

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THE Radical papers are quoting Carl Schurz' opinion of the Democratic party, as expressed some time ago. Had they not as well tell us what the opinion of that gentleman *now* is of Grant and his administration? If he is good authority in the one case, he certainly ought to be in the other—and that authority is that no President or government was ever so corrupt and incompetent as that which now curses the country.—*Gettysburg Compiler.*

**Appointment of Prothonotary.**

A correspondent, in another column, discusses quite fully the indecent action of the Bloomsburg Radical ring in the matter of the appointment of Prothonotary. That the greedy shylocks had the whole matter arranged with Gov. GEARY before Gen. ENT's death seems to be quite conclusive.

The case is just this: Gen. ENT had been elected by the people for a full term, he had paid for his commission and all attendant expenses, and arranged all his business, for a full term, and was as much entitled to it in equity as any man is to his personal property. He had been long absent from home and business serving his country on the battle field and winning high distinction by his bravery and skill—as proud and well deserved laurels as any man in the army had won—and the office conferred upon him by his fellow-citizens was only beginning to be remunerative. Under these circumstances, the people of Bloomsburg and vicinity (and the people of the county would as unanimously have concurred had there been time for consultation) with general accord favored and supported the idea of continuing the office practically in the hands of the widow for the balance of the term belonging to Gen. ENT.

It happened that Mr. BUCKALEW and Col. FREEZE had other business at Harrisburg at the time, and finding the Radical ring greedily grabbing, assisted Judge MONROE and other Republicans in presenting the case to the Governor. These gentlemen, however, soon discovered that the whole matter had been arranged, and that Gov. GEARY *was making himself the instrument to rob a gallant soldier, much more distinguished in battle than himself, of what belonged to him, in order to confer it upon a hale and hearty young man, who when drafted bought himself out of service* and spent his time in singing songs on the streets derisive of "copperheads!"

That is the whole case and requires no comment. The people of Columbia county will have the matter in hand next fall and they will see to a proper settlement of it.

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**Preparing the Way for Despotism.**

Gen. GRANT is rapidly preparing the way for despotism and if he were to assume regal power to-day who would there be to resist it? A portion of the Democracy would howl and perhaps attempt resistance, but the regular army would quietly but promptly disarm them while the larger mass of people would look on with indifference. Look at it!

In direct contempt of the Constitution martial law is proclaimed in South Carolina, the people are disarmed, hundreds imprisoned without warrant, or a known accuser, and without a charge brought against them. They are imprisoned without bail, trial by jury is denied them, and their judges are ignorant army officers appointed by the power that commands them and whose wishes they dare not disobey!

Half of Chicago is laid in ashes, straightway the Lieut. General orders a military force there, assumes command, shoots down respectable and prominent citizens in cold blood, and only the single voice of one State Executive is raised against the outrage!

A few misguided fanatics go off into a wilderness, by hard work place themselves in favorable circumstances, but as they practice a vice amongst themselves that precludes them from having friends, the President first flatters them and then sends a portion of the regular army to awe them and hold them in subjection to his will!

All these things are done for plausible reasons, but in reality for the fixed purpose of preparing the people for a tame acceptance of military rule!

Who is to prevent it! Where are the materials to oppose it? Where are the leaders, *or the leader*, capable or bold enough to prevent a military usurpation thus quietly stealing upon us? We fear this thing is already past writing down, or talking down, or voting down! Is it altogether unavailing to appeal to the people to resist military rule?

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**The New York Election.**

On the result in New York, the *Tribune* gives this comment: "The people of this city and State, in their late election, proclaimed their adhesion to the Divine mandate thundered from Sinai: 'THOU SHALT NOT STEAL!' This is the meaning, this the moral of the verdict, which had very little reference to party politics. It means that there shall speedily be inaugurated a new era of uprightness in government and of frugality in administration. It means that there shall henceforth be diminished expenditures, reduced taxes, and steadily decreasing public debts. It means that peculators and plunderers, whether of high or low degree, whether of this party or of that, shall be exposed, prosecuted, and subjected to condign punishment. Woe to that party which shall fail to comprehend and heed the lesson!"

That is undoubtedly what the result in New York means. When HORATIO SEYMOUR, and other Democratic statesmen of New York, took their firm stand against the villains who were robbing the city of New York and corrupting the politics of the whole country, they well knew that the temporary effect would be to give the Radicals a victory in New York. But they looked far beyond that result—they looked to the Presidential election of next year. They expect the people of the nation then to give the same verdict that the New Yorkers have given this year: THOU SHALT NOT STEAL. It will be shown that where the New York rascals have stolen millions the Radical Federal rascals have stolen hundreds of millions, and that the New York villainies at which the whole country is shocked are of but diminutive dimensions as compared with the Federal corruptions and villainies. We do not doubt that the Nation will then in thunder tones re-echo the verdict, *Thou Shalt not Steal*, and will forever consign Radicalism to the tombs.

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THE advocates of "An acknowledgment of GOD in the Constitution," are still riding their hobby. They purpose holding conventions and circulating tracts to forward their views. It will take a great deal of convention and millions of tracts to convince the American people that they are a nation of sinners; or that if they are an Amenmentd to the Constitution of the United States will either avert the punishment of the Almighty, or regenerate the nation.—The movement resembles too closely the tactics of the old preacher who on freezing cold nights transferred his prayer to paper beside a cheerful fire, took it to his comfortless bed-room, and just before jumping under the covers pointed to the manuscript and said, "O, ord, them's my sentiments!"—*Ex.*

**History of the Prothonotary Appointment.**

To the Editor of the Columbian:

The editor of the *Republican* cannot write an article without the stereotyped phrase, "we dare." He had better carry a chip upon his shoulder as boys do, and then dare. It would suit his courage and principles. If he has anything to say to the public why does he not say it? No one fears him or his paper. He comments upon an article of the *Patriot and Union* regarding the vacancy and appointment of a person to the office of Prothonotary of this county. He must challenge and dare in his usual way before he makes his untruthful attempt to give the facts regarding the matter. He has *very much* to say about the Holy day and friendship; and no doubt many would be pleased to see the respect for the holy day and their pretended friendship of such men as BECKLEY and KNORR placed in the balance; undoubtedly it would *tip up* very readily as such hypocricy as they practice generally tips.

We think the subject of the appointment was fairly dealt with in the *Columbian* of last week, but since they have seen fit to make the assault they have, we propose to give the facts further publicity. KNORR had been to Pittsburg and when passing through Harrisburg he called on the Governor and had an interview with him and wanted to know of GEARY if they could not get the *little unpleasantness* between them adjusted and give them the appointment of Prothonotary when they would ask for it, as they expected that General ENT would not live long. This was about a week or more BEFORE the death of General ENT; not six hours afterwards. KNORR then came home and had a conversation with a noted Republican of Bloomsburg and wanted this *Sage* to suggest some one for the appointment, and when he, KNORR, was asked to support Mr. ZARR he said "*I have not thought of it yet; I must have time to consult with my friends.*" He has also said to some parties the Governor did not hesitate for a moment to make the appointment; and to others how he had to work to explain away certain things that his friend BECKLEY had got him into and how he told the Governor of BECKLEY's independence in regard to putting articles in his paper; that he, KNORR, could not prevent him when he had his head set, (so with all mules) &c.

This kind of talk may do before GEARY but it is very "*thin*" and will not take with persons acquainted with this *independent* man BECKLEY, who runs the streets whenever he has written a local, to inquire of some one how *this will sound, that he intends putting it in our paper. Very independent indeed!* And further, KNORR tells of a Soldiers' Convention convened at Harrisburg at the time of the application for appointment, and how they had determined to march, in a body, to the Capitol and make Harrisburg too *hot* for the Governor to remain there if he did not appoint RINGLER, the soldier who stayed at home and sang songs to haug the Copperheads. This is all very consistent with his first story given alone and brands him with uttering *fibs;* Oh! no not *lie!* If it be true that they had done nothing towards the appointment of RINGLER until Monday morning, they yet had been making their arrangements to control the appointment before Gen. ENT died. As early as two weeks before the death of Gen. ENT a prominent Republican of Bloomsburg, (we might call him the Philosopher,) was paving his way and having confidential talks with his friends regarding his appointment and was really making some inquiries as to the manner of doing the business of the office! All of which is known and was known before the death of General ENT. Mr. ZARR was approached by prominent and respectable Republicans before the death of General ENT and asked to be an applicant and they said they believed, should such a lamentable occurrence take place as the death of General ENT, that no doubt all persons having any business to do in the office would give their influence, irrespective of party feelings, to procure his continuance. Mr. ZARR kindly thanked them for their confidence of his success but declined having any further conversation upon the subject, because of his high regard and personal friendship for Gen. ENT, and sincerely hoped that he might be spared the pain of ever having occasion to apply for such appointment arising from that cause. The first person who approached Mr. ZARR and wanted to know if he had a petition ready, was a Republican who said he must not delay, that a few of the "Ring" men of their party were already at work, and that KNORR and ROBISON were going to have a free fight over it unless ROBISON would cave to KNORR as usual.

BECKLY says by "common consent" Mr. RINGLER was agreed upon, which he and every one else that knows anything about it knows to be untrue. It was the *common consent* of KNORR, BECKLY and WHITMOYER, when they were having their last consultation! Other parties were standing by and wanted to be applicants. Their friends were dissatisfied with RINGLER and were desirous of doing all for ZARR they could, and even desired their "*Sage*" to go to Harrisburg in the interest of ZARR. This shows common consent! Nine-tenths of their party in the town of Bloomsburg were dissatisfied, if their tones were exponents of their feelings in the matter.

But such articles must necessarily appear in a paper to which truth is a stranger.

The proposition made to the Governor by the friends of Mr. ZARR, that the office should be continued in the interest of General ENT's estate, was a very proper one and if the editor of the *Republican* were acquainted with the history of our State he might know that such things are not uncommon. And further he wants to know "what legal assurance have we that this would have been done?" Neither BECKLY nor his friends are entitled to any assurance on the point. If Mrs. ENT was satisfied they had no cause to complain.

He says "Mrs. ENT would scorn to be the recipient of any such bounties." Does he intend to convey the idea to the public that Mrs. ENT is an ungrateful lady? If he does we beg to say he has mistaken her character and kindness of heart. She was fairly entitled to that which belonged to her honored husband and had a right to expect that all decent men would be willing to let her have it, without accusing her of receiving or asking it as a charity.

ONE WHO KNOWS.

**The Elections.**

We have little to add to what we printed last week in regard to the results of recent elections. New York elects the Radical State ticket by 17,000 to 18,000. PARKER (Dem.) is elected Governor of New Jersey by about 5,000. Maryland is Democratic by 15,000 to 20,000. The Legislature of Mississippi is close, with probably a small Radical majority. The other States are as stated last week.

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THERE are but nine Democratic counties in South Carolina, and in eight of them Mr. Grant proclaims martial law.

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DEMOCRATS of Pennsylvrnia need not despair. Our party is right, and must eventually triumph.

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THE N. Y. *Tribune* furnishes a table showing the real estate purchases of Tweed and others, and how rich they have become in a few years. Now let it show how Grant has emerged from poverty to affluence in a few years, and give us a list of his transactions, if it wishes to be considered consistent.

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PRESIDENT GRANT is said to have taken fright at the never-ending exposures of fraud among the military appointees of the government. It was reported in Washington on Monday that more heavy frauds, committed by Washington officials in the Pension Office, had been discovered. Names and particulars are withheld until arrests are made.

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CASSIUS M. CLAY lately made a speech in which he denounced the Grant administration in unsparing terms. Centralization, he said, is the great danger, and added, "The rebellion, itself, was not such a blow at the liberties of the people and the life of the nation as the present Government."

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A MOVEMENT is on foot among certain Western Radical Congressmen to inaugurate a new revenue reform movement in the House this winter, and to urge Speaker Blaine to constitute the Ways and Means Committee in that interest. Blaine is a candidate for Vice-President, and will constitute the Committee in such a manner as to bag the most votes for that position.

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WHAT'S THE USE?—The Washington *Patriot* wants to know, now that gold is only used as an article of merchandise, what is the use of incurring the expense of coining it? Would it not be as well to close the United States Mint, and save the millions expended in coining gold and silver, or restrict its functions to the production of our beautiful copper and nickel coins?

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IT is now said that the health of Queen Victoria is rapidly improving, and that she will return to public life at an early day. Whatever may be written or spoken as to the political system which the Queen represents, one thing is certain, the great masses of the English people regard her with the truest feelings of loyalty and affection, and that these feelings are the well-earned tribute to official and personal merit.

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RADICALS DUMFOUNDED.—The administration journals which have made such loud boasts of the "economy" practiced at Washington, and the alleged "large reduction" of the public debt, are dumbfounded by the announcement made by the Republican Secretary of the Treasury that out of receipts amounting to nearly *five thousand millions* of dollars, in five years and four months, the debt has only been reduced sixty-six millions. Four thousand nine hundred and thirty-four *millions* spent!

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IT is suggested by eminent engineers, says the Chicago *Post*, that in the reconstruction of Chicago, there should be added a complete system of steam supply through all the streets—the steam to issue hissing hot in all the houses, for the compound purpose of heating and cooking—thus dispensing entirely with stoves, coal, and all the adjuncts of ordinary fires. It is said that an efficient system of steam delivery, to ten or fifteen blocks from each central boiler and engine, would cost very much less than the present clumsy method.

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ONE HUNDRED AND EIGHT YEARS OLD.—The Monroe *Democrat* says: "Mr. Geo. LaBar, of Stroudsburg, Pa., is now 108 years old. About two weeks ago he took it into his head to hunt for bees. Accordingly taking his bee-tackle with him, he went out into his meadow and "fired up." He soon thought he had found game, the bees coursing to wards a large curley maple in the woods. He at once set at work to fell the tree. It took him two days and ahalf to bring down the tree, when the old man was somewhat chagrined to find the bees were not there. Since that time he has been cutting hoop-poles, which he thinks pays better tha n hunting bees."

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ENGAGEMENTS.—In Europe an engagement partakes of the solemnity of the mariage rite. It is the subject of family discussion and negotiation, it must receive the solemn assent of parents or guardians, and is a matter which is formally announced to all the friends of the family. To break it off without the gravest cause would make a much greater scandal than a divorce in one of our new States. An intimacy of a dubious character is never permitted between young people, and our American gossip on such subjects has, therefore, no existence. The laxity of social intercourse here makes the question propounded by our author, one of every day occurrence. The public are not only puzzled to answer it, but very often the friends, relations, and even the parents, are no better informed.

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IN 1840 the opposition carried Pennsylvania, and the next year the Democrats re-elected Gov. Porter by an overwhelming majority. In 1851, Pollock, Know Nothing, was elected by 37,000 majority, and the following year the Democrats elected Arnold Plumer Canal Commissioner by 4,537. In 1856 Buchanan's majority was but 3,105 and in 1857 Gov. Packer was elected by a majority of 42,751. In 1866 the State went against us by 17,178 and the next year the Democrats elected Judge Sharswood.

These results are sufficient to show that in a great State like Pennsylvania, 15,000 or 20,000 majority for a party one year is no certain indication of the success of the same party the next year. And when the fact that about 125,000 voters did not go to the polls at all at the late election is taken into consideration, who can foretell at this time what will be the decision of the people at the Presidential election next fall?

**They All Plunder!**

It has come to light that ex-Senator E. D. Morgan, of New York, and the Hon. Oakes Ames, a member of the House of Representatives from Massachusetts, who were made trustees to sign the first mortage bonds authorized to be issued by the Union Pacific Railroad Company, the ultimate payment of which is guaranteed by the United States, got very well paid, to say the least, for attaching their signatures to these securities. It will be remembered that both of these gentlemen were members of the Pacific Railroad Committee in their respective bodies at the time these bonds were authorized to be issued, and it turns out that the then Senator from New York charged and was paid $1.50 for each bond signed by him, amounting to the sum of $30,000 or more, while his colleague in the other House from Massachusetts was content to be paid $1 for each signature, or about $20,000 for the same service. We give these facts and leave the country to judge of the propriety of such conduct on the part of Radical legislators.

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IT TURNS out that the "confessions" of the so-called Ku-Klux arrested in South Carolina, on which such stress is laid by the disciples of John Scott, merely show that there is a political association in that State organized for the overthrow of Radical plunderers at the ballot-box, called the "Invisible Empire." Grant is using the army of the United States to break up this political society, by persecuting its individual members. The tax-payers of the North are required to pay millions of dollars for the services of the army in perpetuating the rule of the thieves in South Carolina who have robbed that State of $30,000,000 and utterly impoverished her people. Would it not be well for Grant to investigate the treasonable Radical Union League of the North?—*Sunbury Democrat*

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CLEARLY the Germans have no genious for stealing. The summing up of financial affairs in Prussia for the past year shows a total of nineteen thousand dollars lost by official peculations, and as the offenders are all in prison, serving out rather long terms, it is hoped that next year's showing will be even better than this, particularly as there is now no war to demoralize the public servants. Happy Prussia!

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THE "Union League" of Philadelphia, after having made every effort to elect a man of doubtful reputation to the Mayorality of the city, refuses to admit him to membership! They impose him upon the public but will not accept him themselves! That is a sample of the honorable impulses of the concern.

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WEST VIRGINIA.—In the State Senate three Radicals hold over and one was elected; the rest of the Senators are Democrats. The House of Delegates will consist of forty-five Democrats and eleven Republicans. The Constitutional Convention will be composed of sixty-six Democrats and twelve Republicans. The victory is complete.

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GRANT to-day is exercising more despotic power than any crowned head of Europe. There is no despot of Europe who dares to seize his subjects and thrust them into dungeons without first making accusation and proof of crime, and giving to the accused an opportunity to be heard.

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THE Charleston *News* says that the colored members of the South Carolina Legislature, in caucus last week, resolved to make no appropriation for payment of the interest on the State debt, and declared themselves in favor of repudiating the entire debt, old and new.

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THE Tammany thieves were the originators and promoters of the "new departure." Both are now extinguished and attain a fitting result—vagabonds on the face of the earth, and will be thought of only as objects of reprehension, scorn and punishment.


## New Advertisements.

**$20 REWARD!**

The above reward will be paid for information that will lead to the detection and conviction of the person or persons who cut the hoisting rope of the undersigned at the ore mine on the farm of David Armstrong, on the night of the 15th inst. This is the second time this same offence was committed. ENOCH CADMAN,
nov17'71.1m* Bloomsburg, Pa.

**STRAY COW.**

Came to the premises of the subscriber, residing at the west end of Catawissa bridge, a white and red spotted Cow, probably nine or ten years old, with one crooked horn that turns up but no other particular marks observed. The owner is requested to come forward, prove property, pay charges and take her away, or she will be disposed of according to law.
nov17'71-3t* FLORENCE DONAHOE.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

ESTATE OF WELLINGTON H. ENT, DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Wellington H. Ent, late of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, Pa., deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to Peter Ent, of Light Street. All persons having claims or demands against the decedent are requested to make them known, and those indebted to make payment without delay.
PETER ENT,
nov17'71-6t* Administrator.

"Unquestionably the best sustained work of the kind in the World."

**Harper's Magazine.**

*Notices of the Press.*

There are few intelligent American families in which HARPER'S MAGAZINE would not be an appreciated and highly welcome guest. There is no monthly Magazine an intelligent reading family can less afford to be without. Many Magazines are accumulated. HARPER'S is edited. There is not a Magazine that is printed which shows more intelligent pains expended on its articles and mechanical execution. There is not a cheaper Magazine published. There is not, confessedly, a more popular Magazine in the world.—*New England Homestead.*

A repository of biography and history, literature, science, and art, unequaled by any other American publication. *** The volumes are as valuable as a mere work of reference as any cyclopedia we can place in our libraries.—HARPER'S MAGAZINE is a record of travel every where since the hour of its establishment. Livingstone and Gordon Cumming in Africa, Strain among the Andes, and Ross Browne in the East, Speke on the Nile and Macgregor on the Jordan—indeed, all recent travellers of note have seen their most important discoveries reproduced in these pages. Most of our younger and many of our older writers find here their literary biography. Our artists see the best evidences of their genius and the most enduring specimens of their work in the Magazine.—*N. Y. Standard.*

It is one of the wonders of journalism—the editorial management of HARPER'S—*The Nation, N. Y.*

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nov19'70-1m.

**EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.**

ESTATE OF FREDERICK SHAFFER, DEC'D.

Letters testamentary on the estate of Frederick Shaffer, late of Centre twp., Columbia county, dec'd., have been granted by the Register of said county to Samuel Neyhard, of Centre township, Columbia county, Pa. All persons having claims against the estate are requested to present them to the Executor in Lime Ridge, Columbia county, Pa. Those indebted to the estate either on note, judgment, mortgage or book account will make payment to the Executor without delay.
SAMUEL NEYHARD,
nov17'71-6w. Executor.

**ADMINISTRATOR'S NOTICE.**

ESTATE OF REBECCA BITNER DEC'D.

Letters of administration on the estate of Rebecca Bitner, late of Locust twp., Columbia county, deceased, have been granted by the Register of said county to John A. Bitner, administrator. All persons having claims against the estate of the decedent are requested to present them for settlement, and those indebted to the estate to make payment to the undersigned, administrators, without delay.
JOHN A. BITNER,
Numedia P. O. nov 17'71-6w* Administrators.

"A Repository of Fashion, Pleasure, and Instruction."

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*Notices of the Press.*

It is really the only illustrated chronicler of fashion in the country. Its supplements alone are worth the subscription price of the paper. While fully maintaining its position as a mirror of fashion, it also contains stories, poems, brilliant essays, besides general and personal gossip.—*Boston Saturday Evening Gazette.*

There never was any paper published that so delighted the heart of woman. Never mind if it does cost you a new bonnet; it will save you ten times the price in the household economy it teaches.—*Providence Journal.*

The young lady who buys a single number of HARPER'S BAZAR is made a subscriber for life.—*New York Evening Post.*

The BAZAR is excellent. Like all the periodicals which the Harpers publish, it is almost ideally well edited, and the class of readers for whom it is intended—the mothers and daughters in average families—cannot but profit by its good sense and good taste, which, we have no doubt, are to-day making very many homes happier than they may have been before the women began taking lessons in personal and household and social management from this good-natured mentor.—*The Nation, N. Y.*

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**WATCH FREE** to Agents to introduce articles that sell in every

# THE COLUMBIAN

Bloomsburg, Friday, Nov. 17, 1871.

GEO. P. ROWELL & Co., 40 Park Row, are our only authorized Advertising Agents in New York.

COE, WETHERILL & Co., No. 607 Chestnut Street, are our only authorized Agents in Philadelphia.

C. G. MURPHY, Esq. is our authorized Agent at Centralia to transact any business pertaining to the COLUMBIAN Office.

☞ All advertisements for the forgoing localities must be endorsed by these Agents, or they will receive no attention. tf.


### Railroad Time Table.

LACKAWANNA & BLOOMSBURG R. R.

| | North. | South. |
|---|---|---|
| Mail | 11:04 A. M. | 3:37 P. M. |
| Accommodation | 2:05 P. M. | 4:25 P. M. |
| Express | 6:12 P. M. | 10:21 A. M |

CATAWISSA R. R. FROM RUPERT STATION.

| Going North. | Going South. |
|---|---|
| 4:12 P. M. | 10:08 A. M. |

M. F. CONNER is authorized to transact any business connected with the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

JUDGE TAYLOR died at Huntingdon on Tuesday last. His successor was elected in October.

THE county Sabbath School Convention at Espy, this week, was a decided success. Proceedings in our next issue.

SNOW commenced falling at this place on Wednesday night. It is still falling as we go to press—Thursday afternoon.

TRUE liberty consists in the privilege of enjoying our own rights—not in the destruction of the rights of others.

A BLACK horse was stolen from the stable of JONATHAN TRAUB, in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday night. See advertisement.

THERE is nothing of special importance from Europe, but appearances still portend a tremendous popular upheaval.

GO TO thunder! is now rendered—take your departure to the abode of the reverberating echoes of heaven's artillery.

TO FLATTER persons adroitly one must know three things—what they are, what they think they are, and what they want other people to think they are.

HOOPS and crinoline have almost entirely gone out of fashion, the dresses and overskirts being made and trimmed in such a manner as to render them nearly superfluous.

WE see it stated that parties from Williamsport, Sunbury and Northumberland, have commenced the construction of a boom in the West Branch above Northumberland.

AN exchange says a Missouri editor publishes the names of doctors who have "bad luck" with their patients. The doctors are only waiting for that editor to get sick a little. His paper will be for sale.

HALL'S *Journal of Health* says: "The old and young delight in warmth; it is to them the greatest luxury. Half the diseases of humanity would be swept from existence if the human body were kept comfortably warm all the time."

THE *Mahanoy Valley Record* is the name of a new paper recently started in Mahanoy city, by CHAS. SPENCER, Esq. It is neatly printed and edited with much spirited and ability. Its motto: Fearless, Untrammelled, Free—a good, especially if lived up to.

"WHY don't you trade with me?" asked a close-fisted tradesman of a friend the other day. The reply was characteristic: "You never asked, sir. I have looked all through the papers for an invitation in the shape of an advertisement, and found none. I never go where I am not invited."

MESSRS HERDIC & FISHER, of Williamsport, having proposed to the people of Muncy to build a boom at that place if the latter would loan $40,000 to the enterprize, the citizens at once subscribed the amount. The structure will no doubt be built and if so will infuse new life into the quaint town of "Pennsborough."

GEN. E. M. GREGORY, U. S. Marshal for the eastern district of Pennsylvania, died recently. A peculiar fatality seems to prevail amongst the soldiers. We scarcely open a paper that does not announce the death of one or more. They probably contracted the seeds of disease during the war.

The office hunting Rads are after the Marshalship in swarms.

WHAT nonsense is published in some of our so-called health journals. They contain some things that are really valuable, and a great many that are superlatively absurd. One of the last of these ridiculous emanations is the announcement that it is unhealthy for two people to sleep together. An exchange aptly burlesques this nonsense by stating that a man of ninety-nine died the other day from the effects of sleeping with his wife for nearly eighty years, or from some other cause.

THE *Luzerne Union* has recently been much enlarged and otherwise improved. It is ably edited and is worthy the best efforts of the Democracy of Luzerne to give it not only such support as will sustain it but such as to encourage its editors to further effort to improve and give power and force to its vigorous advocacy of the great cause of popular rights against governmental encroachment. No editor ever made a good paper upon inadequate support, and to sustain the present ability, energy and enterprise of the *Union* the Democracy of Luzerne owe it to themselves to put forth every effort in its behalf. With such an organ, fair nominations and honest purposes, the Democracy of Luzerne will soon again rejoice in their old 3,000 majorities.

FIRES.—Two fires occurred at Muncy on the nights of the 8th and 9th inst., burning stables, etc., but no dwellings. Losses estimated at about $8,000—about $3,500 insurance, mostly in the Lycoming Mutual.

A saw mill in Penn township, known as the "Lake Mill," was burnt on the 10th inst. Insurance $1300, in the Lycoming.

An incendiary fire occurred at Danville on the night of the 9th inst. Loss about $100,000. We have not seen particulars.

The *Republican* says a saw mill owned by Thomas Benfield in Pine township was burned the latter part of last week. A large quantity of lumber was consumed. There was no insurance. The origin of the fire is involved in mystery.

### Episcopal Convention.

A convention of delegates representing a new Episcopal diocese in Pennsylvania assembled in Harrisqurg last week, for the purpose of organizing. The new diocese embraces all the counties of this State lying east of the eastern boundaries of Cameron, Cambria, Clearfield, M'Kean and Somerset counties and outside of the counties of Chester, Delaware, Montgomery, Bucks and Philadelphia. It is to be called the Diocese of Central Pennsylvania. Rev. M. A. DE WOLFE HOWE, D. D., of Philadelphia, was elected Bishop by a small majority over Dr. LEEDS, of Baltimore. We attach comments regarding him from three representative Philadelphia papers, to wit:

From the Day (Independent Republican.)

Rev. M. A. De Wolfe Howe, D. D., the bishop elect of the new diocese of the Protestant Episcopal Church, formed by the late general convention, is a very well known and noted resident of Philadelphia, where he has many ardent friends and admirers. He is and has been for a series of years the rector of St. Luke's Church, on Thirteenth street, below Spruce, now one of the largest and most influential of its denomination in the city. Dr. Howe took charge of this parish some twenty-five years ago, when quite a young man, and when the church was but a small enterprise. He has grown up with it, and his influence and name have increased with its prosperity.

Dr. Howe was a native and formerly a resident of the town of Bristol, Rhode Island, where his relations still reside. The Howe family is one of the oldest in that State. The newly elected bishop is a descendent, as his name implies, of two noted families, known to every resident of Rhode Island, namely, the De Wolfe and the Howes, whose public services to the State and country in time gone by are matters of history. He still retains a country seat in his native town, where it has been his custom to retire during the summer months.

From the Age (Democratic.)

The Rev. M. A. De Wolfe Howe, D. D., has been elected Bishop of the new Protestant Episcopal Diocese of Pennsylvania. In high political times Dr. Howe has skirmished in a field that the clergy had better keep out of; but we say, with pleasure, that he enjoys a high reputation in his Church; is greatly esteemed by those who know him, and will, we doubt not, fill his new office acceptably to all who come within the sphere of his functions.

From the Press (Radical.)

At yesterday's session of the Episcopal Church at Harrisburg, Rev. Dr. Howe was elected bishop of the new Pennsylvania diocese. The new bishop is about fifty years of age, and at the present time he is a leading spirit not only of his denomination in this diocese but throughout the whole country. As a moderate and liberal-minded man he has received the support of all factions of the Church in many important movements. He is and has been for a series of years the rector of St. Luke's Church, on Thirteenth street, below Spruce, now one of the largest and most influential of its denomination in the city.

We are informed upon other authority the Dr. HOWE is over 60 years of age. The next Convention will assemble at Williamsport, when the place of the Bishop's residence will be fixed.

For the Columbian.

### Donation.

As per arrangement by some of the "brethren," and "sisters" too I suppose a *conspiracy* had been entered into, not to *defraud* any one, but to *surprise* Rev. T. S. FAUS, junior pastor of the M. E. Elysburg charge, at his boarding place, brother JOHN SCOTT'S, afternoon and evening of November 9th, 1871. I judge the conspirators were surprised themselves, as everything seemed to "charm" even the charmers. The *person* of the *donee* seemed especially to be looked after, particularly by the *fair donors*.

The gifts consisted of *goods* to the amount of about thirty dollars, and *cash* to ballance making a total of seventy dollars. I trust the *donee* does not now regret making his home within the bounds of the old McIntyre appointment. The *morale* of the "surprise" was good. The seventy dollars was raised without any of that "pious gambling," so often immorally and unlawfully resorted to on such occasions. No "rings," no "do as I do," in short all seemed to be done "decently and in order," The entertainment was good. The table well supplied with the good things of this world, was several times well filled, and "further, deponent saith not." May the giving spirit continue till all realize truly, "that it is more blessed to give than to receive," and that "He, giveth us all thing richly to enjoy." E. MARVIN TWKSBURY.

Catawissa Hills, Nov. 10th, 1871.

### After the Fire.

THE SCHOOL FESTIVAL—Quarterly Magazine, devoted to original matter, for Day School and Sunday School Exhibitions, and Public Occasions.

The October number of this popular Magazine (which was destroyed by the great Chicago fire, when all ready to mail, has been reprinted, and has just reached us. As its subscription list was burned, the Publishers request us to ask their subscribers to send their addresses, stating what numbers were yet due them, and to remit their subscription for next year. Let all teachers and pupils subscribe NOW, for the School Festival—they all need it. It costs only 50 cents a year, in advance, or 15 cents for a single number.

The Publishers were very heavy losers by the great fire, but they don't propose to allow their subscribers to lose anything.

Send, by mail, to ALFRED L. SEWELL, & Co., Publishers, Chicago, Ill.

INCIDENTS OF THE GREAT FIRE.—Send, by mail, fifty cents to Alfred L. Sewell, Publisher, Chicago, Ill., and receive, post-paid, a copy of his cloth-bound book of Incidents of the Great Chicago Fire.

THE General Council of the Evangelical Luthern Church met at Rochester last week. The Luthern denomination in this country number now about five hundred thousand communicants, under the care of some two thousand two hundred ministers. They are organized into fifty-four synods, about forty of which are grouped in three general organizations, of which the General Council is the largest, the most conservative, and the most substantial. The laity of this church are composed of some of the best citizens of the country, and the clergy renowned for their learning and theological culture. The Rochester Convention was attended by delegates from Pennsylvania, New York, Canada, Ohio, Indiana, Illinois, Michigan, Iowa and Texas.


### BLANK DEEDS,

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size good paper (cheap) Common Deeds, &c.

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"The best, cheapest, and most successful Family Paper in the Union."

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*Notices of the Press.*

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The best publication of its class in America, and so far ahead of all other weekly Journals as not to permit of any comparison between it and any of their number. Its columns contain the finest collections of reading matter that are printed. * * * Its illustrations are numerous and beautiful, being furnished by the chief artists of the country.—*Boston Traveller.*

Harper's Weekly is the best and most interesting illustrated newspaper. Nor does its Value depend on its illustrations alone. Its reading matter is of a high order of literary merit—varied, instructive, entertaining, and unexceptionable.—*N. Y. Sun*

SUBSCRIPTIONS—1872.
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Back numbers can be supplied at any time.

The Annual Volume of Harper's Weekly, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by express, free of expense, for $7 00 each. A complete Set comprising Fifteen Volumes, sent on receipt of cash at the rate of $5 25 per vol., freight at expense of purchaser.

The postage on Harper's Weekly is 20 cents a year, which must be paid at the subscriber's post-office. Address

HARPER & BROTHERS,
New York.


## MARRIAGES.

SCOTT—BROOMBACH—On the 4th inst., by Rev. William J. Eyer, Mr. Robert Scott, to Miss Jane Broombach, both of Catawissa, Pa.

## DEATHS.

KRUM—In Scott township, on the 27th of October, Mrs. Lydia Krum, wife of Eli S. Krum, aged 37 years, 6 months and 20 days.

## MARKET REPORTS.

Bloomsburg Market.

| | |
|---|---|
| Wheat per bushel | $1.40 |
| Rye " | 1 00 |
| Corn " | 80 |
| Oats " | 30 |
| Flour per barrel | 8 00 |
| Cornmeal | 6 00 |
| Potatoes | 1 00 |
| Butter | 35 |
| Eggs | 30 |
| Tallow | 10 |
| Chickens | 1 00 |
| Dried Apples | 10 |
| Hams | 17 |
| Sides and Shoulders | 15 |
| Lard per pound | 16 |
| Hay per ton | 16 00 |


BE GUIDED BY WHAT YOU KNOW.—There is an old proverb which says, "experience is the safest guide." To this guide the sick and ailing naturally turn when casting about for means of relief. They inquire what a medicine has done for others, before they adopt it themselves. Of all the remedies and preventives in use, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters meets the test most triumphantly, and hence its immense popularity and vast sales. The sufferer from indigestion is sure to find some one among his friends who has been cured of that ailment by the famous vegetable stomachic. The victim of fever and ague, liver complaint, constipation, nervous prostration, or general debility, has only to make inquiry in the neighborhood where he resides in order to discover what this standard restorative has effected in cases similar to his own. In the published testimony to its merits he will find a volume of proofs of its sanitary properties, which it is impossible for his common sense to resist. He tries it, and the effect it produces on his system adds another to the host of witnesses in its favor. Thus, its reputation, founded on facts, not assertions, continually grows and spreads. Charlatans and imposters, some of them mere local tricksters, and others who take a somewhat wider range, attempt to thrust into the hands and down the throats of invalids, their haphazard concoctions, as substitutes for the tonic which for so many years has been a medicinal staple throughout the United States, Spanish America, Canada, and the West Indies, but only succeed to a very limited extent. In this reasoning age, the people, having ascertained what is really deserving of their confidence, decline "running after strange gods."

### LOCAL NOTICES.

C. C. MARR has a fine lot of NEW GOODS consisting in Plain Strap and Plaids.

C. C. MARR sells splendid KID GLOVES for $1.00 per pair.

C. C. MARR has a new lot of Child's Misses' and Ladies' SHOES cheap.

C. C. MARR has a fine lot of HATS and CAPS, Cheap for cash.

C. M. CHRISTMAN, in Shive's Block has just received another supply of BUFFALO ROBES and HORSE BLANKETS; also a lot of ladies and gentlemens TRUNKS and TRAVELING VALISES, all of which will be sold at bottom prices.

NEW Rochelle, (Lawton) Blackberry vines for sale, $5. per hundred, by JOSEPH GARRISON Bloomsburg, Pa.

SINGERS New Family Sewing Machines—ten dollars cash—balance in monthly installments. J. A. DORAN, Agent, Bloomsburg, Pa. no.36-tf

R. A. CARMAN of Benton has just returned from the city with a fine assortment of millinery goods, to which she invites the attention of the people. 4t*

C. M. CHRISTMAN has in stock, a set of LIGHT DOUBLE CARRIAGE DIPLOMA HARNESS, and one set DOUBLE TEAM DIPLOMA HARNESS. Those wanting harness, can secure a bargain.

WE would advise all that want good Furniture to go to G. W. CORRELL, he has just returned from the city with a splendid assortment of Furniture which he will sell cheaper than ever for cash or ready pay. His motto is quick sales and small profits.

THE statements made by dealers in other machines, that they sell New Singer Sewing Machines is not true. The Singer Manufactory supply no machines in Columbia county, except to their authorized agent, J. A. DORAN. no.36-tf

CLARK & WOLF have an assortment of goods now that would be a credit to any town or store in the State. Even their lengthy advertisement can not do justice to the subject. It is well worth the time to call and see the goods and how cheap they can be sold.

A GENERAL assortment of SCHOOL BOOKS and STATIONARY, wholesale and retail at A. D. WEBB'S Book Store, opposite the Court House. Miscellaneous books, portmonnaies, stereoscopic pictures, games, picture-books, blank-books of all kinds, etc., etc. n38-tf.

A NEW and elegant assortment of fall and winter goods has just been received by S. H. MILLER & SON, which they offer at very low prices. Also, all articles usually kept in a dry goods store. Their friends and the public are invited to call and examine them.

CRAMPS and pains in the stomach, are the result of imperfect indigestion, and may be immediately relieved by a dose of JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT. A tea-spoonful in a little sweetened water is a dose.

HEAVY oats are good for horses; none will deny that; but oats can't make a horse's coat look smooth and glossy when he is out of condition. SHERIDAN'S CAVALRY CONDITION POWDERS will do this when all else fails.

A case of chronic rheumatism of unusual severity, cured by "JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT," is noticed by one of our exchanges. A large bunch came out upon the breast of the sufferer, and appeared like part of the breast bone.

The sweetest word in our language is health. At the first indication of disease, use well-known and approved remedies. For dyspepsia or indigestion, use "PARSONS' PURGATIVE PILLS." For coughs, colds, sore or lame stomach, use "JOHNSON'S ANODYNE LINIMENT."

INVALIDS ABUSED.—Nothing can be more cruel than to deceive the sick and afflicted. Yet to delude them is literally a business. The wisest plan they can pursue is to avail themselves of specifics which have stood the test of time, and are recommended by persons of high social standing, by the medical profession, and by the rational claims to public confidence, put forth in their behalf. Foremost among this class of remedies stand *Hoofland's German Bitters* and *German Tonic*, the Approved Vegetable Remedies for Dispepsia, General Debility, Liver Complaint and Constipation. Sold by all druggists.

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EVERY VARIETY
AT
MOST FAVORABLE RATES,

JOHN THOMAS, AND CASPER J. THOMAS
Box. 277. Bloomsburg, Pa.
jal.6 '17

THE CAUSE AND CURE OF CONSUMPTION.

The primary cause of Consumption is derangement of the digestive organs. This derangement produces deficient nutrition and assimilation By assimilation I mean that process by which the nutriment of the food is converted into blood, and thence into the solids of the body. Persons with digestion thus impaired, having the slightest predisposition to pulmonary disease, or if they take cold, will be very liable to have Consumption of the Lungs in some of its forms; and I hold that it will be impossible to cure any case of Consumption without first restoring a good digestion and healthy assimilation. The very first thing to be done is to cleanse the stomach and bowels from all diseased mucus and slime, which is clogging these organs so that they cannot perform their functions, and then rouse up and restore the liver to a healthy action. For this purpose the surest and best remedy is Schenck's Mandrake Pills. These Pills clean the stomach and bowels of all the dead and morbid slime that is causing disease and decay in the whole system. They will clear out the liver of all diseased bile that has accumulated there, and rouse it up to a new and healthy action, by which natural and healthy bile is secreted.

The stomach, bowels, and liver are thus cleansed by the use of Schenck's Mandrake Pills; but there remains in the stomach an excess of acid, this organ is torpid and the appetite poor. In the bowels the lacteals are weak, and requiring strength and support. It is in a condition like this that Schenck's Seaweed Tonic proves to be the most valuable remedy ever discovered. It is alkaline, and its use will neutralize all excess of acid, making the stomach sweet and fresh; it will give permanent tone to this important organ, and create a good, hearty appetite, and prepare the system for the first process of a good digestion, and ultimately make good, healthy, living blood. After this preparatory treatment, what remains to cure most cases of Consumption is the free and persevering use of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup. The Pulmonic Syrup nourishes the system, purifies the blood, and is readily absorbed into the circulation, and thence distributed to the diseased lungs. There it ripens all morbid matters, whether in the form of abscesses or tubercles, and then assists Nature to expel all the diseased matter, in the form of free expectoration, when once it ripens. It is then, by the great healing and purifying properties of Schenck's Pulmonic Syrup, that all ulcerated cavities are healed up sound, and my patient is cured.

The essential thing to be done in curing Consumption is to get up a good appetite and a good digestion, so that the body will grow in flesh and get strong, if a person has diseased lungs, —a cavity or abscess there,—the cavity cannot heal, the matter cannot ripen, so long as the system is below par. What is necessary to cure is a new order of things,—a good appetite, a good nutrition, the body to grow in flesh and get fat; then Nature is helped, the cavities will heal, the matter will ripen and be thrown off in large quantities, and the person regain strength. This is the true and only plan to cure Consumption, and if a person is very bad, if the lungs are not entirely destroyed, or even if one lung is entirely gone, if there is enough vitality left in the other to heal up, there is hope.

I have seen many persons cured with only one sound lung, live and enjoy life to a good old age. This is what Schenck's Medicines will do to cure Consumption. They will clean out the stomach, sweeten and strengthen it, get up a good digestion, and give Nature the assistance she needs to clear the system of all the disease that is in the lungs, whatever the form may be.

It is important that while using Schenck's Medicines, care should be exercised not to take cold; keep indoors in cold and damp weather; avoid night air, and take out-door exercise only in a genial and warm sunshine.

I wish it distinctly understood that when I recommend a patient to be careful in regard to taking cold, while using my Medicines, I do so for a special reason. A man who has but partially recovered from the effects of a bad cold is far more liable to a relapse than one who has been entirely cured; and it is precisely the same in regard to Consumption. So long as the lungs are not perfectly healed, just so long is there imminent danger of a full return of the disease. Hence it is that I so strenuously caution pulmonary patients against exposing themselves to an almosphere that is not genial and pleasant. Confirmed Consumptives' lungs are a mass of sores, which the least change of atmosphere will inflame. The grand secret of my success with my Medicines consists in my ability to subdue inflammation instead of provoking it, as many of the faculty do. An inflamed lung cannot, with safety to the patient, be exposed to the biting blasts of Winter or the chilling winds of Spring or Autumn. It should be carefully shielded from all irritating influences. The same precaution should be observed in this particular, as without it a cure under almost any circumstances is an impossibility.

The person should be kept on a wholesome and nutritious diet, and all the Medicines continued until the body has restored to it the natural quantity of flesh and strength.

I was myself cured by this treatment of the worst kind of Consumption, and have lived to get fat and hearty these many years, with one lung mostly gone. I have cured thousands since and very many have been cured by this treatment whom I have never seen.

About the First of October I expect to take possession of my new building, at the North East Corner of Sixth and Arch Streets, where I shall be pleased to give advice to all who may require it.

Full directions accompany all my Remedies, so that a person in any part of the world can be readily cured by a strict observance of the same.

J. H. SCHENCK, M. D.
Philadelphia.

Johnson, Holloway & Cowden, 602 Arch street Philadelphia, wholesale agents. [nov17-71-1y.

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The County Affords

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LOOK OUT FOR BARGAINS

IN BOOTS AND SHOES THIS FALL,

Come and Examine

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E. M. KNORR,

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September 8 1871-tf.

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Designed especially for the use of families, and ladies who desire to knit for the market. Will do every stitch of the knitting in a stocking, widening and narrowing as readily as by hand. Are splendid for worsteds and fancy work, TAKING FIVE DIFFERENT KINDS OF STITCH! Two very easy to manage, and not liable to get out of order. Every Family should have one.

We want an Agent in every town to introduce and sell them, to whom we offer the most liberal inducements. Send for our Circular and Sample Stocking. Address

HINKLEY KNITTING MACHINE CO.,
Bath, Me.
nov. 10, 71-1y.

TOWN MAP OF BLOOMSBURG.

*In the Court of Quarter Sessions of Columbia county: In the matter of the town map of Bloomsburg, made by Samuel Neyhard and submitted for correction and approval to said Court.*—NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That the undersigned Commissioner appointed by the said Court to report the evidence offered by citizens against and in favor of the correctness of said map, together with his opinion in regard to any matter complained of in relation thereto, will attend at the Court House, in Bloomsburg, on Monday, the twentieth day of November, proximo, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to discharge the duties of his appointment, at which time and place all persons interested may attend if they shall think proper and be heard.

M. E. JACKSON,
Commissioner.
oct27'71-2w

ORANGEVILLE ACADEMY.

The Winter Term of this Institution will open on

TUESDAY, OCTOBER 31ST, 1871,

and continue eleven weeks. Tuition from $3.00 to $8.00. Instruction given in all the common and higher English branches, together with Latin, Greek, French and German. Good board can be obtained at $3.00 per week, or rooms furnished to those who wish to board themselves. For further particulars address

J. E. SKINNONOVER, Principal; or
Dr. O. A. MEGARGELL, Secretary.
Orangeville, Oct. 27, 1871-1m.

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*DRY GOODS AND NOTIONS*

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THE LARGEST AND BEST ASSORTMENT

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NEXT TO COURT HOUSE.

"WIDE AWAKE" & "FAST ASLEEP," a $10,00 pair of superb French Oil Chromos—subjects LIFE SIZE—exquisite facsimiles of original Oil Paintings, *GIVEN AWAY* to every subscriber to HENRY WARD BEECHER'S GREAT LITERARY, RELIGIOUS, WEEKLY NEWSPAPER. Agents having great success! One took 1,000 names in 3 months; another 672 in 35 days; another 158 in one week; one 47 in one day; and many others equally well, making from $5 and $10 to $40 per day. Takes on sight! An old agent who knows, says: "I think it the best business for canvassers ever offered. Sorry I did not engage sooner." Pays better than any book agency. *A rare chance to make money.*

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Intelligent men and women wanted everywhere. If you can work good territory, send *early* for circular and terms! J. B. FORD & CO., 27 Park place, N. Y.; 11 Bromfield St., Boston; 285 West Madison St., Chicago.

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The History of the War between France and Germany, embracing also Paris under the Commune. 150 illustrations; 612 pages; price, $2.50; 50,000 copies already sold. The only complete work. Nothing equals it to sell. Making 10,000 copies per month now, in English and German. Terms unequalled. Outfit $1.25. Address H. S. GOODSPEED & CO., 37 Park Row, New York.

WOOD'S HOUSEHOLD MAGAZINE is offered free from during the coming year to every subscriber of Merry's Museum, the Toledo Blade, Demorry's Demorest, etc., which is an evidence of its worth and popularity. Horace Greeley, James Parton, Theodore Tilton, Gail Hamilton, etc., write for every number. In clubbing, it offers three first class periodicals for the price of one of them. A variety of premiums on equally liberal terms. It is an original, first-class magazine, Volume X begins with Jan. '72. Three specimen copies free. Address S. S. WOOD, Newburgh, N. Y.

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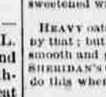
B. GARRISON,
Bucksininny
Luzerne Co., Pa.
nov371-2m*

PERSONS having Deeds and Mortgages recorded, lying in this office, will please call and take them out, for reasons not here explained.

W. H. JACOBY,
Recorder.
BLOOMSBURG, Nov. 3, 1871.

The CONGRESS ARCTIC.



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NO BUCKLES to break!
NO TROUBLE to put on!
Neat, Genteel, Stylish!
ASK YOUR SHOE DEALER FOR IT!

AGENTS WANTED.—Agents make more money at work for us than at anything else. Business light and pleasant. Particulars free. H. STINSON & Co., *Fine Art Publishers*, Portland, Maine.

$425 A MONTH! Horse furnished. Expenses paid. H. B. SHAW, Alfred, Me.

DENTISTRY.

H. C. HOWER, DENTIST,

Respectfully offers his professional services to the ladies and gentlemen of Bloomsburg and vicinity. He is prepared to attend to all the various operations in the line of his profession, and is provided with the latest improved PORCELAIN TEETH which will be inserted on gold plating silver and rubber base to look as well as the natural teeth. Teeth extracted by all the new and most approved methods, and all operations on the teeth carefully and properly attended to.

Residence and office a few doors above the Court House, same side.

Bloomsburg, Jan. 1'71-1y

LOOK HERE!

Are you tired of obtaining a living by hard labor? If so, I have for sale A CANAL GROCERY and FEED STORE with dwelling sufficient for three families, in which you can make an easy and comfortable living, and if you try can clear five hundred dollars a year besides. All for the small sum of Two Thousand dollars. Stock and fixtures included, ready for business. Come and see for yourselves or address

B. GARRISON,
Bucksininny
Luzerne Co., Pa.


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LARGE STOCK

OF

## FALL GOODS

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PRODUCE.

## CLARK & WOLF

Opposite Brown's Hotel

BLOOMSBURG.

We offer a SILK CORDED POPLIN that sold at $1.50 now at $1.25 per yard.

A splendid JAPANESE STRIPE at $1.00 per yard.

A full line of BLACK ALPACA from 30 cents to $1.25 per yard.

Our 87 cent Alpaca can't be beat, our 75 cent Alpaca prime.

And you know our 65 ct. Alpaca is the best in the Market for the money.

A Sixteen bone CORSET at 70 cents.

Our $1.50 Long bone CORSET is worth buying.

Bleached and unbleached MUSLIN, a full stock.

APPLETON A., at 14 cents by the bolt, 15 cents by the yard.

Ladies White Hose,
Ladies Merina Hose,
Ladies Balmoral Hose
Ladies Balbigane, Hose,
Ladies Iron Frame Hose

Ladies FRINGED SUITING CLOTH for Polonaises at $2.00 per yard.

Fiecced Hose,
Misses one half Hose
Hose in extra Size
Misses Ribbed Hose
Men Woolen one-half Hose

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Ladies Vests
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Ladies Cloth Gloves
Ladies Berlind Gloves
Ladies Buck Gauntlets

## WOOL SCARFS, NUBIAS, HOODS.

Buck Gloves
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Gents Fur to Gloves
Buck Gloves and Mittens
Ladies Kid Gloves
Gents Cloth Back Buck Palm Gloves

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Ribbons
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Dress Goods
Bundles Robes
Black Satin
Velvet Ribons
Beaver Cloth

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OIL CLOTHS 4-4, 6-4 and 8-4 wide.

TEA SETTS of 46 pieces, from stone ware at $5.75 per sett.

Our stock of TEAS, COFFEES, SPICES, &c., is full and at the lowest figures.

Our stock of NOTIONS is full and complete.

BOOTS and SHOES, a full line.

CLARK & WOLF are closing out their stock of SHAWLS at reduced prices, many of them at cost.

We carried no stock of FURS over from last season, our present stock is large and all new, and we offer them from $2 50 to $25.00 per set.

WATER-PROOF CLOAKING at $1.65, $1.35, $1.50 and $1.75.

## Real Estate Sales.

PUBLIC SALE
OF
VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

By virtue of authority and order of the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, the undersigned administrators of the estate of Jacob Rosenmiller, deceased, will expose to sale by public vendue on the premises, on

THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 23rd, 1871,

a large quantity of valuable lands situate in Franklin township in said county, described as follows:

The homestead farm of the decedent, lying in Franklin township in Columbia county, bounded by lands of J. T. Reeder, lands of Philip Meinhart, lands of Yetter's heirs, lands of Moses Bohner, lands of H. J. Reeder, lands of Elias Weaver, lands of Wm. Sinker, lands of John Hower and George Seidt and others, containing

TWO HUNDRED AND FORTY-EIGHT ACRES

and twenty-nine perches—whereon are erected a large brick dwelling house, a large bank barn, sheds and outhouses, with a large apple and fruit orchard, with a well at house, and a spring and well at barn; and a second excellent and large spring on south side of the farm. There is on the farm

19 ACRES OF TIMBER.

The property lies three miles from Catawissa, on the public road leading from that place to Elysburg. The dwelling house is of good size, and the land in an excellent state of cultivation. No more desirable property has been offered for many years.

Also, a lot of timber land—the undivided six-sevenths—adjoining lands of S. Artley, Wm. George, C. Artly and others. To be disposed of in one piece, or in three lots of about

TWENTY ACRES EACH,

as shall be deemed most expedient. The whole property will be offered and the title to the one-seventh made to the purchasers.

Also, will be offered a tract of land adjoining H. F. Clark, lands of Stocker & Gingles, lands of F. Reinhardt and T. Reeler, containing

SEVENTY-ONE ACRES,

more or less, whereon are erected a brick dwelling house, a bank barn, wagon house, a spring house and all other necessary outbuildings. There is also a spring of excellent water, a good orchard and fruit of all kinds, with about four acres of chestnut timber. All in excellent order and cultivation.

The lands will be offered at the Homestead in the order advertised. The

GRAIN IN THE GROUND
IS RESERVED.

Possession of the timber tract or tracts, immediately upon paying the purchase money or securing the same to be paid. And of the other two tracts on the first of April, A. D. 1872, upon compliance with the conditions.

Stamps and conveyances to be at the expense of the purchaser or purchasers.

O. D. L. KISTENBRADER,
JOSEPH B. KNITTLE,
Administrators.

TERMS OF SALE.—Ten per cent of the one-fourth of the purchase money to be paid at the striking down of the property; the one-fourth less the ten per cent. at the confirmation of sale; and the remaining three-fourths in one year thereafter, with interest from confirmation nisi.

WELLINGTON H. ENT, CLERK.
Bloomsburg, Oct. 20th, 1871—ts.

VALUABLE PROPERTY FOR SALE.

The undersigned wishing to retire from business now offers at private sale his entire property situated in Orangeville, consisting of a one-half interest in the well known

FOUNDRY AND AGRICULTURAL WORKS,

together with the Engine, Lathes and other Machinery belonging to the same, also the entire stock now on hand, together with a valuable pair of horses, and the wagons, sleds, Harness, &c., also his town lots on which is erected a good frame dwelling, nine, twenty-five acres, known as the Low Level property about ten of which are cleared, the balance timbered.

Prices reasonable. Possession given at any time to suit purchasers. Apply to or address,

WILLIAM SCHUYLER,
Orangeville, Columbia co., Pa.

## SHERIFF'S SALES.

By virtue of sundry writs of *Venditioni Exponas* and Al. Venditioni Exponas issued out of the Court of Common Pleas of Columbia county, Pa., and to me directed will be exposed to public sale at the Court House, in the town of Bloomsburg, on MONDAY, the 4th day of DECEMBER, 1871, at one o'clock p. m., the following property to wit:

All that parcel or piece of land situate in the township of Beaver, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: On the west by lands of Phillip Mourann, on the north by lands of Simon P. Kase, east Reuben Shearman, south Peter Shearman, containing Thirty Acres more or less.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of David Eswine.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, all that certain piece or parcel of land, situate in Locust township, Columbia county, Pa., bounded and described as follows, to wit: on the west by John Johnson and Mary Stuert, on the north by Peter Shearner, on the east by Christian Smallacod on the south by Christian Small, containing Forty-six Acres, more or less, on which is erected a dwelling house and bank barn.

Seized, taken in execution and to be sold as the property of John Yeager, deceased, in the hands of his administrator, Hiram Y. Hower.

ALSO:

At the same time and place, all that real estate situate in the town of Bloomsburg, Columbia county, State of Penns

### A Bewitching Witch.

AN UNPUBLISHED CHAPTER FROM EARLY NEW ENGLAND HISTORY.

[From the New York *Sunday World.*]

Notwithstanding the best efforts of the New England private publishing associations, biographical, genealogical, and antiquarian societies to print everything they can find concerning the early history of their section of the country, very many important documents elude their search. It was the good fortune of the writer to recently discover in New Haven an ancient musty manuscript giving a detailed account of the trial and execution for witchcraft of a young woman named Patience Delight. This document is the more curious because commonly only weather-beaten old hags were summoned for that offense. I am of the impression that this case is the sole one on record describing the conviction of a handsome girl—as the prisoner evidently was.

The manuscript commences: "A trew account of the triall of Patience Delight, spinster, daughter of Called to Grace Delight, and Affection his wife. May 24, 1602. This being the day sett apart for the triall of that atrociuus leaguer with Sathan, I tuck brother Condemned Fish and Reverend Remember Lot's Wife Parkenson to sit with me in judgment, we being thereto specially commissioned. Opened court in the meet'n house with prayer. The pris'ner was brought in by the sheriff thickly valled so that Sathan might not prevail upon the court thro' her devilish eyes, and her arme straitly chained."

The usual formalities being gone through with, there was read the affidavit of a man named Havery, who seems to have been the principal witness against her. It was as follows:

"I was up into my broad hollow wood lot, cloast by Goody Delight's, mother of pris'ner, felled a hickory, and sate thereon resting and meditating. Then comes a certain rustlin' in the bushes hard by, and turning my head, lo! I see thorow the tanglements, two sharp piercing eyes that overcame me with a strange dread. I thought first it should be a wild catte, or a painter, the sharpness thereof was so severe. But reach'n for my axe and rising up, I see pris'ner pluck'n berries. She looked at me again and then looks away, and thereupon was I seized with unaccountable desire to keep looking at her, and could in no wise keep my eyes from looking at her. Which the tempter seeing, and waxing bold, she saieth good evenen to me with much sweetness of voice that ran like tingling oil of Egypt thorow my marrow. She keeps pick'n and look'n and shuten into my body the most distrustling contagion, insomuch that I was near beside myself. Presentlie, on pretense of pluckin' berries, she cometh to where I sate, still shuten at me with her eyes, and when she comes cloast by me, restraining grace was utterly banished out of me, and I was wholly possessed with the devil. Harken not to my weakness, but to the power of sin. Then saied I, 'Patience, how old art thou?' And she answered and said, 'Sixteen years and nine months, worthy sir.' Then Sathan takes my hand and makes me to lay hold on her, and draw her to settle by my side. She struggles and makes outcrie, and sales she, "The man is bewitched.' 'Yes,' saies I, 'and thou art the witch that hath bewitched me, and thou shalt cure thine own poison.' Then did I press her upon my breast-bones, whereupon she uplifts violent clamour, and I know not what else goes on, until my brother, Condemned Fish, passing by, comes up and clappes me on the shoulderre, saying, 'Hulo! brother Havery, what's the matter?' And at the touch of that holy man Sathen departed out of me strait-way.

Sworn in open court this 24 May, 1602. [Signed.]

PERSEVERE TO THE END HAVERY.

Precious Smith, Head Deputie."

This estimable individual was followed by "the young men Barnabas Ware, Boaz Daniels and Walk Meekly Smith." They testified that the prisoner had fascinated them at sundry times and in divers manners. "Saied Barnabas saith, last Sabbath two weeks ago he couldn't keep his eyes off pris'ner all meetin' time. Saied Boaz saieth for several months he had been constrained, despite of all that he could do, when he went into meetin' to look for pris'ner, and that slwaies a look from her went thorow him and filled him with dredful tremulation. That the fascination was painful, but natheless full of delight. Witness saieth it was like the prickin' of pins all over him, but when he searched there was none to be found. Walk Meekly Smith saieth that he went to home with pris'ner from singin' schoole two weeks agoe. That he did so because he was thereto fascinated, and she moved him by her behavior so to do, having state by his side in schoole and singin' out of his booke, and that he had near done the like before, being a youth aged only nineteen years and subject to his father. That there was nothin' in pris'ner's walk and manner, that night which might show forth the presence of the Devil; only the cunninge puttinge on of modestie, and lookin' strange sorts of earnest looks thorow her eyelashes bent down, and as it were resting on her cheeks, which were seemingly all in a glow of devilish fire. But next day and ever since, witnesse hath been sore distressed with losse of appetite and melancholie, and constant desire to be in companies with pris'ner, but is afraid to touch her. And he swears she hath bewitched him."

Next came a woman witness. Ruth Daniels being sworn testifies that she knows that prisoner hath bewitched Walk Meekly Smith, for that he now shunnes witness, whereas he used to be familiar and good friends, being witness' third cousin. That last Sabbath week, in the meetin', pris'ner tried to fascinate witness. Witness looked at pris'ner to rebuke her for not minding to this discourse. Pris'ner turned up her nose and gave her such a fierce look that witness was fascinated to take up the hymn-booke and was near about to throw it at pris'ner's head.

After her came brother Condemned Fish who said that he remembered the witness uplifting the book, and how he stayed her rash hand. He concluded by abruptly asking, "Is not this enough? Shall we not suddenly seize the tempter and cast out Sathan from among us?"

"Thereupon," continues the manuscripts, "up starts pris'ner and throwes the vail off her head with incredible diligence and fury, and cries out to the jury in a loud voice: "Worthy sirs, take heed how ye give trust to false counselle, and be not swift to stain your skirts with guiltless blood. I proteste to the Lorde I am innocent of this thinge. Would you put to death Susannah and justify the lying elders?"—with more of such bold assurance.

"Then it was plaine to see how Sathan struggled within her, so that Mr. Fish goes up and spat in her face, and charged him to come out of her, and covered up her head."

After this there was but little more to be done. Upon such unimpeachable testimony she was of course found guilty and sentenced to death. The account ends with these words: "Judgment being passed, the people took her to a convenient tree hard by and burned her with fire, while we all exalted songs of triumph which well nigh drowned the cry of Beezlebub yelling with her voice."


### Patent Medicines.

AN APPEAL

To Debilitated Persons,
To Dyspeptics,
To Sufferers from Liver Complaint,
To those having no Appetite,
To those with Broken Down Constitutions,
To Nervous people,
To Children Wasting Away,
To any with Debilitated Digestive Organs,

*Or suffering with any of the following Symptoms, which indicate Disordered Liver or Stomach,*

such as Constipation, Inward Piles, Fulness or Blood to the Head, Acidity of the Stomach, Nausea, Heartburn, Disgust for Food, Sour Eructations, Sinking or Fluttering at the Pit of the Stomach, Swimming of the Head, Hurried and Difficult Breathing, Fluttering at the Heart, Choking or Suffocating Sensations when in a Lying Posture, Dimness of Vision, Dots or Webs before the Sight, Fever and dull pain in the head, Deficiency of Perspiration, Yellowness of the Skin and Eyes, Pain in the Side, Back, Chest, Limbs, &c., Sudden Flushes of Heat, Burning in the Flesh, Constant imaginings of Evil, and great Depression of Spirits,

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS.

A Bitters without Alcohol or Spirits of any kind,

Is different from all others. It is composed of the pure Juices, or *Vital Principle of Roots, Herbs,* and *Barks,* (or as medicinally termed Extracts,) the worthless or inert portions of the ingredients not being used. Therefore in one Bottle of this Bitters there is contained as much medicinal virtue as will be found in several gallons of ordinary mixtures. The Roots, &c., used in this Bitters are grown in Germany, their vital principles extracted in that country by a scientific Chemist, and forwarded to the manufactory in this city, where they are compounded and bottled. Containing no spirituous ingredients, this Bitters is free from the objections urged against all others: no desire for stimulants can be induced from their use, they cannot make drunkards, and cannot under any circumstances, have any but a beneficial effect.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,

Was compounded for those not inclined to extreme bitters, and is intended for use in cases when some alcoholic stimulant is required in connection with the Tonic properties of the Bitters. Each bottle of the Tonic contains one bottle of the Bitters, combined with pure SANTA CRUZ RUM, and flavored in such a manner that the extreme bitterness of the bitters is overcome, giving a pregnant cordial, highly agreeable and pleasant to the palate, and containing the medicinal virtues of the bitters. The price of the Tonic is $1.50 per Bottle which many persons think too high. They must take into consideration that the stimulant used is guaranteed to be of a pure quality. A poor article could be furnished at a cheaper price, but is it not better to pay a little more and have a good article? A medicinal preparation should contain none but the best ingredients; and they who expect to obtain a cheap compound, and be benefitted by it will most certainly be cheated.

HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
OR
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC,
WITH
HOOFLAND'S PODOPHYLLIN PILL,
*WILL CURE YOU.*
They are the Greatest
BLOOD PURIFIERS

Known to the Medical world, and will eradicate diseases arising from impure blood, Debility of the Digestive Organs, or diseased Liver, in a shorter time than any other known remedies.

The whole SUPREME COURT of Pennsylvania
SPEAK FOR THESE REMEDIES.
Who would ask for more Dignified and Stronger Testimony?

Hon. GEORGE W. WOODWARD, *former. Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania, a present Member of Congress from Pennsylvania writes:*

PHILADELPHIA, March 18th, 1867.

I find "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a good tonic, useful in diseases of the digestive organs, and of great benefit in cases of debility and want of action in the system. Yours truly

GEORGE W. WOODWARD.

Hon. JAMES THOMSON, *Chief Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, April 28, 1867.

I consider "Hoofland's German Bitters" a valuable medicine in case of attacks of Indigestion or Dyspepsia. I can certify this from my experience of it. Yours, with respect,

JAMES THOMSON.

Hon. GEORGE SHARSWOOD, *Justice of the Supreme Court of Pennsylvania.*

PHILADELPHIA, June 1, 1863.

I have found by experience that "Hoofland's German Bitters" is a very good tonic, relieving dyspeptic symptoms almost directly.

GEORGE SHARSWOOD.

Hon. Wm. F. Rogers, *Mayor of the City of Buffalo, N. Y.*

Mayor's Office, Buffalo, June 22, 1869.

I have used "Hoofland's German Bitters and Tonic" in my family during the past year, and can recommend them as an excellent tonic, imparting tone and vigor to the system. Their use has been productive of decidedly beneficial effects. WM. F. ROGERS.

Hon. James M. Wood, *Ex-Mayor of Williamsport Pa.*

I take great pleasure in recommending "Hoofland's German Tonic" to any one who may be afflicted with Dyspepsia. I had the Dyspepsia so badly it was impossible to keep my food in my stomach, and I became so weak as not to be able to walk half a mile. Two bottles of Tonic effected a perfect cure. JAMES M. WOOD.

*REMEMBER*
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN BITTERS,
AND
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN TONIC
Will Cure every case of
*MARASMUS,*
Or Wasting away of the Body.
*REMEMBER*
THAT
HOOFLAND'S GERMAN REMEDIES
Are the medicines you require to purify the Blood, excite the torpid Liver to healthy action, and to enable you to pass safely through any hardships or exposure.

DR. HOOFLAND'S

PODOPHYLLIN,

OR

SUBSTITUTE FOR MERCURY PILLS.

*TWO PILLS A DOSE.*

*The most Powerful, Yet Innocent, Vegetable Cathartic known.*

It is not necessary to take a handfull of these Pills to produce the desired affect; two of them act quickly and powerfully, cleansing the Liver, Stomach and Bowels of all impurities. The principle ingredient is Podophyllin, or the Alcoholic Extract of Mandrake, which is by many times more powerful, acting and searching than the Mandrake itself. Its peculiar action is upon the Liver, cleaning it speedily from all obstructions, with all the power of Mercury, yet free from the injurious results attached to the use of that mineral.

For all diseases in which the use of a cathartic is indicated, these pills will give entire satisfaction in every case. They NEVER FAIL.

In cases of Liver Complaint, Dyspepsia and extreme costiveness, Dr. Hoofland's German Bitters or Tonic should be used in connection with the Pills. The tonic effect of the Bitters or Tonic builds up the system. The Bitters or Tonic purifies the Blood, strengthens the Nerves, REGULATES the Liver, and gives strength, energy and vigor.

Keep your Bowels active with the Pills, and tone up the system with Bitters or Tonic, and no disease can retain the hold, or even assail you.

Recollect that it is DR. HOOFLAND'S GERMAN Remedies that are so universally used and highly recommended; and do not allow the Druggist to induce you to take anything that he may say is just as good, because he makes a larger profit on it.

These Remedies will be sent by express to any locality upon application to the PRINCIPAL OFFICE, at the GERMAN MEDICINE STORE, 631 Arch St., Philadelphia.

**CHAS. M. EVANS, Proprietor.**

These Remedies are for sale by Druggists Storekeepers, and Medicine Dealers everywhere


### Court Advertisements.

COURT PROCLAMATION.

WHEREAS, the Hon. William Elwell, President Judge of the Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Court of Quarter Sessions of the Peace and Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court in the 26th Judicial District, composed of the counties of Columbia, Sullivan and Wyoming, and the Hon. Iram Derr and Isaac S. Monroe Associate Judges of Columbia county have issued their precept, bearing date the 11th day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-one, and to me directed for holding a Court of Oyer and Terminer and General Quarter Sessions of the Peace Court of Common Pleas and Orphan's Court, in Bloomsburg, in the county of Columbia, on the first Monday, being the 4th day of December next, to continue two weeks.

Notice is hereby given, to the Coroner, to the Justices of the Peace, and the Constables of the said county of Columbia, that they be then and there in their proper person at 10 o'clock in the forenoon of said 4th day of December, with their records, inquisitions and other remembrances, to do those things which to their offices appertain to be done. And those that are bound by recognizance, to prosecute against the prisoners that are or may be in the jail of the said county of Columbia, to be then and there to prosecute them as shall be just. Jurors are requested to be punctual in their attendance, agreeably to their notices. Dated at Bloomsburg, the 11th day of Sept., in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one and in the ninety fourth year of the Independence of the United States of America. AARON SMITH,

Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1871. Sheriff.

WIDOW'S APPRAISEMENTS.

The following appraisements of real and personal property set apart to widows of decedents have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, under the Rules of Court, and will be presented for absolute confirmation, to the Orphans' Court to be held in Bloomsburg, in and for said county, on Wednesday, the 6th day of December 1871, at 2 o'clock P. M., of said day, unless exceptions to such confirmations are previously filed, of which all persons interested in said estates will take notice:

1. Widow of Isaac Grover, late of Centre township, deceased.
2. Widow of George Masters, late of Greenwood township, deceased.
3. Widow of John Masteller, late of Briarcreek township, deceased.
4. Widow of Jacob Yohe, late of Mifflin township, deceased.
5. Widow of George W. Yeager, late of Locust township, deceased.

W. H. JACOBY, Register.

Register's Office,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1871.

REGISTER'S NOTICES.—NOTICE is hereby given to all legatees, creditors and other persons interested in the estates of the respective decedents and minors, that the following administration and guardian accounts have been filed in the office of the Register of Columbia county, and will be presented for confirmation and allowance in the Orphans' Court, to be held in Bloomsburg, on Wednesday, the 6th day of December, 1871, at 2 o'clock in the afternoon of said day:

1. The account of Josiah B. Karshner, Guardian of the person and estate of Ruth B. Morteson, a minor child of Henry Marteeny, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased.
2. The account of David Demott, Guardian of the person and estate of McKelly Kitchen, a minor child of Henry Kitchen, late of Greenwood township, Columbia county, deceased.
3. The account of Thomas J. Hunchinson, Guardian of the person and estate of Amanda E. Padon, a minor child of James Padon, late of Fishingcreek township, Columbia county, deceased.
4. The account of William H. Abbott, Administrator of John Wampole, late of Catawissa township, Columbia county, deceased.
5. The first and final account of M. E. Jackson, Trustee to sell Real Estate of Samuel Hank, late of Centre township, Columbia county, deceased.
6. The account of Benjamin F. Hartman, Administrator of Andrew J. Sloan, late of Bloom township, Columbia county, deceased.
7. The account of Daniel Snyder, Jr., the surviving Executor of Daniel Snyder, Sr., late of Bloom township, Columbia county, deceased.
8. The account of A. H. Parker, Guardian of the persons and Estate of Frank Cotner and Hurley Cotner, minor children of Simon Cotner, late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased.
9. The first and final account of William H. Faulds, Administrator of Elizabeth Cook, late of Scott township, Columbia county, deceased.
10. The account of Joseph H. Neyer, Administrator of Daniel Neyer, late of Mifflin township, Columbia county, deceased.
11. The second and final account of Conrad Kreamer and B. F. Fruit, Administrators of Dr. Simon Cotner, late of Madison township, Columbia county, deceased.
12. The first and final account of S. B. Bowman, Executor of Frederick Nicely, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased.
13. The first and final account of Gilbert H. Fowler, surviving Trustee of Isaac Fowler, late of the Borough of Berwick, deceased.
14. The first account of George Scott, administrator of C. R. Reifsnyder, late of Cattawissa, Columbia county, deceased.
15. The account of Jacob H. Fritz, guardian of the person and estate of Persilla Fritz, a minor child of John Fritz, late of Sugarloaf township, in said county, deceased.
16. The account of Sylvester J. Faux, administrator of Clatworthy Fisher, late of Scott township, deceased.
17. The final account of Hirman J. Reeder, guardian of the person and estate of Emma E. Bodine, minor child of David Bodine, late of Franklin township, Columbia county, deceased.

W. H. JACOBY, Register.

Register's Office,
Bloomsburg, Nov. 3, 1871.

LIST OF JURORS FOR DECEMBER TERM, 1871.

GRAND JURORS.

Bloom—John Reese, Samuel Jacoby.
Benton—Robert L. P. Colley.
Briarcreek—Isaac Bower.
Centre—Stephen Hutton.
Centralia—Patrick Killen.
Catawissa—Nathan Heiwig.
Franklin—Clinton Mendenhall.
Fishingcreek—Silas McHenry, Levi Bisbline.
Hemlock—Sylvester Pursel, H. D. McBride.
Locust—John Deily, Shultz Knittle.
Mifflin—D. B. Montgomery.
Madison—Adam Boal, Robert Butler, Thomas J. Swisher.
Mt. Pleasant—John Mordan.
Main—George W. Fisher.
Orange—M. C. Vance.
Pine—Thomas McBride.
Sugarloaf—Cyrus Larish, Ezekiel Cole.

TRAVERSE JURORS—FIRST WEEK.

Bloom—James Cadman, W. W. Furman, Montgomery S. Williams, Charles Fornwalt, Charles Thomas, Lafayette Fuller, J. K. Eyer.
Benton—Jeremiah Stiles, John A. Kline.
Briarcreek—George W. Miller.
Berwick—William Ross.
Beaver—Samuel Fisher, Jr.
Centre—Tilman Strouse, Jessee Hoffman, Joseph P. Conner.
Catawissa—Daniel Geiger.
Centralia—Joseph M. Freck.
Conyngham—James Dewey.
Greenwood—A. J. Albertson.
Hemlock—Charles H. Detterick, Daniel Neyhard, John Miller, George Wenner.
Locust—George Fetterman.
Madison—Jacob Confer, Albert Girton.
Mifflin—Michael Heiss, Joseph O. Winterstein, Eleazer Schweppenheiser.
Montour—Reuben Rouch.
Orange—Ellis Bower.
Pine—Luther K. Graham.
Sugarloaf—John Cole, Andrew Hess.
Scott—H. F. Oman, John Turner.

SECOND WEEK.

Bloom—James F. McBride, Judah P. Boone.
Briarcreek—Lamon Martz, Frass Fowler.
Benton—John Baker, Samuel Appleman.
Beaver—Jesse Rittenhouse, Enoch Rittenhouse.
Berwick—Robert Manning.
Catawissa—Joseph Hartman, John Erwine, Henry J. Miller.
Centre—Samuel Creveling.
Fishingcreek—Wm. W. McCollum.
Greenwood—Edward Henry, J. H. Ikeler, M. M. Kline, John P. Kester, Wm. Eyer.
Jackson—Jacob Young, John Jayecox.
Locust—Wm. Billig.
Mifflin—David Brown, Lewis Eckrote.
Maine—David Shuman.
Madison—Solomon Barnhart, Wm. B. McBride
Montour—John Weaver, Andrew Clark.
Orange—Benjamin Wertman, Abner Welsh, James Ferguson.
Pine—Jacob Drebleblis.
Scott—Hiram H. Brown.
Sugarloaf—Amos Hess, James Seward.

LIST OF CAUSES FOR TRIAL AT DECEMBER TERM, 1871.

The Commonwealth of Pennsylvania *ex. relatione* Patrick Burke and Michael Mulligan vs. Lawrence Curran and Michael Maloney.
Edward McCall et. al. vs. John Sweeney.
George A. Frick vs. Thomas Stackhouse, Exrs.
Wm. Baumgenberger, et. al. vs. Hugh W. McIlreynolds.
Wm. Stackhouse vs. Andrew Frees, Admrs.
L. Heck vs use vs. R. H. Creveling et. al.
David J. Waller vs. John M. Stackhouse.
A. H. Stewart's use vs. James N. Jones.
Michael Grover's use vs. Savage & Bright.
Michael Grover's use vs. Savage & Bright.
Joseph Miller vs. N. L. Campbell.
Peter Hayman's use vs. Jacob Shaffer, Jr.
Brumball & Co. vs. McNinch & Shuman.
Harvey C. Hess vs. Samuel Creasy adm'r.
Shultz & Funston vs. Alfred Irwine.
Wm. A. Kline vs. James V. Gilaspy.
James V. Gillaspy vs. Wm. A. Kline.
Clemuel G. Ricketts administrator, vs. (David Joseph S. Kline vs. Charles Howard.
John Gray vs. Sanderson Hagenbuch.
Thomas "Connor vs. Martin Gaughlin.
Lewis J. Adams vs. Fishingcreek School district.
Wm. A. Case vs. Bloom Township.
Simon Welsh vs. John Hoffman.
Peter C. Eckrot vs. Alfred Irvine.
John McAnall vs. Wm. Jacoby.
Francis J. Kline vs. Jacob Herring.
David J. Waller vs. Wesley Wirt.
Stephen Thomas vs. The Penn's a Canal Co.
Nicholas Seybert vs. Daniel F. Seybert.
G. B. Mellick vs. John Yeagers, adm'r.
John L. Kline's use vs. Wm. A. Keum, et. al.
E. Satterthwait vs. Fred. F. Mercer.
Daniel F. Seybert vs. Klinetob & Walton.
Vanian Reese's adm'r vs. W. A. Kline.
Michael Maion vs. Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co.
Patrick Monaghan vs. Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co.
Rodger Dixon vs. Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co.
Mrs. Mary Connelly vs, Philadelphia and Reading R. R. Co.
George W. Reckel vs. Philip Appleman, et. al.
Charles Brown vs. Jos. R. Vandersilice.
David Shaffer vs. Hiram Thomas.
Solomon Hiney vs. William Walp.
Joseph Fry vs. Simon Reedy.
Wm. T. Shuman vs. Lackawanna and Bloomsburg R. R. Co.
Daniel Snyder's use vs. M. C. McCollum et. al.
Tilman Strouse vs. Wilson Miller.
E. G. Hinkle vs. John Sweeney et. al.
George K. Hess vs. Joseph Wise et. al.
J. Smith & Son vs. George K. Hess.
Emeline Mensch vs. Levi Breidender et. al.
L. J. Cadman & Co. vs. William Houck.
Bogart & Kreamer vs. Wm. Barber.
Michael McMahon vs. Nicholas Kindt.
A. W. Eaton vs. John L. Hosseler.
A. W. Eaton et. al. vs. B. F. Warner et. al.
Joseph W. Fausey vs. John Mumbinger et. al.
Columbia Insurance Co. vs. J. M. Freck.
A. B. Stewart et. al. vs. Frances B. Jolley et. al.
Wm. Milnes vs. Jonas Deily.
Andrew Creveling vs. Thomas Trench.
Jeremiah Hess' use vs. John Hoffman et. al.
Frank P. Brockway vs. Daniel F. Seybert.
J. P. Linnell's Exrs vs. Aaron W. Hess et. al.
George Whitmoyer's exrs vs. John Stiner.
A. Fairlee & Co. vs. Danville Hazleton and Wilkesbarre R. R. Co.
Susanah Gilham vs. Martin M. Brobst.
Mary Litweiler vs. Aaron Smith.
Henry Fry vs. Jacob Deifinbaugh.
Mordecai Millard vs. H. W. McReynolds.
Thomas Williams vs. John Cain.
Daniel Boyer vs. Wellington Yeager,

### Hotels.

MONTOUR HOUSE
RUPERT, PA.
WILLIAM BUTLER, Proprietor,

This House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of guests. No pains will be spared to ensure the perfect comfort of the travelers. The Proprietor solicits a share of public patronage. The bar will be stocked at all times with fine liquors and cigars. jan1'71

BENTON HOTEL.
W. F. PIATT, Proprietor,
BENTON, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

This well known House having been put in thorough repair is now open for the reception of visitors. No pains have been spared to ensure the perfect comfort of guests. The proprietor also runs a Stage from the Hotel to Bloomsburg and intermediate points on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday of each week. jan 1'71

THE ESPY HOTEL.
ESPY, COLUMBIA COUNTY, PA.

The undersigned would inform the travelling public that he has taken the above named establishment and thoroughly refitted the same for the perfect convenience of his guests. His larder will be stocked with the best the market affords. The choicest liquors, wines and cigars always to be found in his bar.

jan 1'71 WILLIAM PETTIT, Espy, Pa.

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 207.

### Miscellaneous.

I. W. NILES,

MUSIC WAREROOMS

A general assortment of

MUSICAL MERCHANDISE ALWAYS ON HAND.

VIOLINS,

CONCERTINAS,

FLAGOLETS,

FIFES,

DRUMS,

HARMONICAS, &c.

VIOLIN STRINGS OF THE BEST QUALITY.

THE LATEST SHEET MUSIC.

PIANO AND ORGAN STOOLS ALL STYLES AND PRICES.

A BETTER ASSORTMENT OF ORGANS THAN CAN BE FOUND ELSEWHERE.

THE TEMPLE ANGELIC ORGAN WHICH HAS THE SWEETEST TONE THAT CAN BE FOUND IN A REED ORGAN.

☞Call and examine before purchasing elsewhere. Wareroom Main Street, below Market, opposite Corell's furniture warerooms, Bloomsburg, Pa. aug.25'71-1y

A. J. EVANS.

READY MADE

AND

CUSTOM MADE

CLOTHING.

HE HAS THE

FINEST GOODS, LATEST STYLES

AND EMPLOYS THE

BEST WORKMEN.

For good fits and prompt ness in filling orders there is the place to go.

His goods are selected with care and his Custom Work will compare favorably with the best efforts of the fashionable city Dealer.

HE KEEPS A LARGE STOCK OF

BOYS' AND CHILDREN'S CLOTHING

AND

GENTS' FURNISHING GOODS,

At Astonishingly Low Prices.

Bloomsburg, Sept. 29, 1871-tf

C. C. MARR

have just received from the eastern markets large and well selected stock of

DRY GOODS,

CONSISTING OF

Cassimers,
Jeans,
Best bleached & Brown Muslins,
Calicoes,
Tickings,
Table Linens,
Cotton & All wool flannels &c., &c.,
A good stock of Ladies dress goods,
Latest styles a patterns,
Spices of all kinds.
Good stock groceries,
Queensware,
Stone ware,
Wood & willow ware,
Flour & Chop,

Also Kitchen Crystal Soap for cleaning Tin, Brass, &c. All goods sold cheap for cash or produce.

He would call the attention of buyers to his well and carefully selected assortment which comprises everything usually kept in the country, feeling confident that he can sell them goods at such prices as will ensure satisfaction.
oct 13'71-tf C. C. MARR.

H. C. HOWER,

has opened a first-class

BOOT, SHOE, HAT CAP, AND FUR STORE.

at the old stand on Main Street, Bloomsburg, a few doors above the Court House. His stock is composed of the very latest and best styles ever offered to the citizens of Columbia County. He can accommodate the public with the following goods at the lowest rates. Men's heavy double soled stoga boots, men's double and single tap soled kip boots, men's heavy stoga shoes of all kinds, men's fine boots and shoes of all grades, boy's double soled boots and shoes of all kinds, men's glove kid Balmoral shoes, men's, women's, boys' and misses' lasting gaiters, women's glove kid Polish very fine, women's morocco Balmorals and calf shoes, women's very fine kid buttoned gaiters, in short boots of all descriptions both pegged and sewed.

He would also call attention to his fine assortment of

HATS, CAPS, FURS AND NOTIONS.

which comprises all the new and popular varieties at prices which cannot fail to suit all. These goods are offered at the lowest cash rates and will be guaranteed to give satisfaction. A call is solicited before purchasing elsewhere as it is believed that better bargains are to be found than at any other place in the county.
Jan 1'71

BLOOMSBURG
MARBLE WORKS.
MAIN STREET, BELOW MARKET,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

Monuments, Tombs, Headstones, &c. Work neatly executed. Orders by mail will receive special attention. N. B. Work delivered free of charge. T. L. GUNTON, Proprietor.
oct13'71-tf. P. O. Box 207.

### Miscellaneous.

MILLER'S STORE.

S. H. MILLER & SON,

have removed their Store to the room formerly occupied by Mendenhall, on Main street, Bloomsburg, nearly opposite the Episcopal Church where they are determined to sell on as moderate terms as can be procured else where. Their stock comprises

LADIES' DRESS GOODS

of the choicest styles and latest fashions, together with a large assortment of Dry Goods and Groceries, consisting of the following articles

Carpets,
Oil Cloths,
Cloths,
Cassimeres,
Shawls,
Flannels,
Silks,
White Goods
Linens,
Hoop Skirts,
Muslins,
Hollowware
Cedarware
Hardware
Queensware,
Boots and Shoes,
Hats and Caps
Hoop Nets,
Umbrellas,
Looking-Glasses,
Tobacco,
Coffee,
Sugars,
Teas,
Rice,
Allspice,
Ginger,
Cinnamon,
Nutmegs

AND NOTIONS GENERALLY.

In short, everything usually kept in country stores, to which they invite the attention of the public generally. The highest price will be paid for country produce in exchange for goods.

S. H. MILLER & SON.
Bloomsburg Pa.
oct 1871—tf

NEW STOCK OF CLOTHING.

Fresh arrival of

FALL AND WINTER GOODS

DAVID LOWENBERG

invites attention to his stock of

CHEAP AND FASHIONABLE CLOTHING,

at his store on

Main Street, in Shive's block, one door West of C. C. Marr's store,

Bloomsburg, Pa.,

where he has just received from New York and Philadelphia a full assortment of

MEN AND BOYS' CLOTHING,

including the most fashionable, durable and handsome

DRESS GOODS

consisting of

BOX, SACK, ROCC, GUM, AND OIL-CLOTH COATS AND PANTS.

of all sorts, sizes and colors. He has also replenished his already large stock of

FALL AND WINTER SHAWLS,
STRIPED, FIGURED, AND PLAIN VESTS
SHIRTS, CRAVATS, STOCKS, COLLARS
HANDKERCHIEFS, GLOVES,
SUSPENDERS, AND FANCY ARTICLES

He has constantly on hand a large and well-selected assortment of

CLOTHS AND VESTINGS,

which he is prepared to make to order into any kind of clothing, on very short notice, and in the best manner. All his clothing is made to wear, and most of it is of home manufacture.

GOLD WATCHES AND JEWELRY,

of every description, fine and cheap. His case of jewelry is not surpassed in this place. Call and examine his general assortment of

CLOTHING, WATCHES JEWELRY, &C.
oct13'71 DAVID LOWENBERG.


ROSADALIS

THE INGREDIENTS THAT COMPOSE ROSADALIS are published on every package, therefore it is not a secret preparation, consequently

PHYSICIANS PRESCRIBE IT

It is a certain cure for Scrofula, Syphilis in all its forms, Rheumatism, Skin Diseases, Liver Complaint and all diseases of the Blood.

ONE BOTTLE OF ROSADALIS

will do more good than ten bottles of the Syrups of Sarsaparilla.

THE UNDERSIGNED PHYSICIANS

have used Rosadalis in their practice for the past three years and freely endorse it as a reliable Alterative and Blood Purifier.

DR. T. C. PUGH, of Baltimore.
DR. T. J. BOYKIN, "
DR. H. MOORE, "
DR. F. O. DANNELLY, "
DR. J. S. SPARKS, of Nicholasville, Ky.
DR. J. L. McCARTHA, Columbia, S. C.
DR. A. B. NOBLES, Edgecomb, N. C.

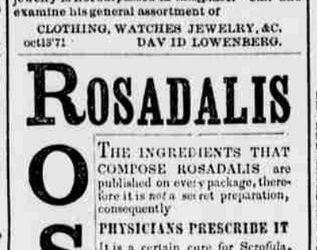
USED AND ENDORSED BY

J. B. FRENCH & SONS, Fall River, Mass.
F. W. SMITH, Jackson, Mich.
W. WILSON, Kenosha, Ohio.
B. HALL, Lima, Ohio.
CRAVEN & CO., Gordonsville, Va.
SAML. G. McFADDEN, Murfreesboro, Tenn.

Our space will not allow of any extended remarks in relation to the virtues of Rosadalis. To the Medical Profession we can say that Rosadalis Extract superior to any thee have ever used in the treatment of diseased Blood; and to the afflicted we say try Rosadalis, and you will be restored to health.

Rosadalis is sold by all Druggists, price $1.50 per bottle. Address

DR. CLEMENTS & CO.
*Manufacturing Chemists,*
BALTIMORE, MD.



BALTIMORE PIANOS.

We respectfully call the attention of those desiring to purchase our make of Pianos. We are satisfied that we can give satisfaction in every case. Our workmen skillful and experienced and are under the personal superintendence of the members of our firm. We use only the best seasoned timber and the material for the metal is first class. Our Pianos without exception have the patent agraffes arrangement throughout, which in the opinion of the most competent judges is pronounced valuable. By this improvement a Piano is made more durable and keeps the tone longer. We claim for our instruments that they are second to none, and they combine all the essential elements that constitute superior workmanship. We will give a written guarantee for five years.

Mr. CONRAD FREIMAN, member of our firm, will visit Bloomsburg four times a year to repair and attend to tuning of all Pianos. In the absence of Mr. FREIMAN, Mr. I. K. MILLER will attend to our business in Bloomsburg and is authorized to receive and solicit orders.

We can give the very best references.

GAEHLE & CO.
BALTIMORE, MD.

I. K. MILLER, Dealer in Pianos, Organs and Melodeons five octave and five stop organs of the best make, sold at $110. Terms easy. June 23

THE GREAT MAGICAL

HAIR FORCER!

Will force a beautiful set of Whiskers or Mustache, in from two to three months, on any person over twelve years old. It is one of the best preparations to make the whiskers grow that ever was known. One bottle of it is sufficient to produce a very strong beard. It does not in any way stain or injure the skin. Try it! It is no humbug. Price 25 cents per bottle. Sent by mail post paid, to any address, on receipt of price. Address WILLIAM C. WAGNER,
Arcadia ville,
aug.18,'71-ly. Adams County, Penna

AGENTS WAMTED FOR

KNOTS UNTIED.

By the *celebrated detective officer,*

GEO. S. McWATTERS,

A *startling* narrative of 25 years experience in ferreting out and bringing to justice BANK ROBBERS, COUNTERFEITERS, THIEVES, PICK-POCKETS, GAMBLERS, SCOUNDRELS, CONFIDENCE MEN, &c., &c., many of the most *remarkable* cases on record revealing *deep laid diabolical* schemes for PLUNDER and REVENGE in high life as well as low life, and disclosing the plans used in assaulting the most *dark* and *studied* villainy, *All* is thoroughly reliable, *full* of SPIRITED *Illustrations,* very cheap, and sells almost *at sight* for sale.

For circulars and terms address
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oct6'71-tf 723 Sansom St., Phila.

BLANK DEEDS,

We now have the finest assortment of BLANK DEEDS on hand and for sale that were ever kept in Bloomsburg. Large size on best parchment paper, Common Deeds, Executor's and Administrator's Deeds—small size good paper (cheap) Common Deeds, &c.


### Drugs and Chemicals.


A GREAT MEDICAL DISCOVERY
Dr. WALKER'S CELEBRATED
VINEGAR BITTERS
Hundreds of Thousands
Bear testimony to their Wonderful Curative Effects.
WHAT ARE THEY?

THEY ARE NOT A VILE
FANCY DRINK.

Made of Poor Rum, Whiskey, Proof Spirits and Refuse Liquors doctored, spiced and sweetened to please the taste, called "Tonics," "Appetizers," "Restorers," &c., that lead the tippler on to drunkenness and ruin, but are a true Medicine, made from the Native Roots and Herbs of California, free from all Alcoholic Stimulants. They are the GREAT BLOOD PURIFIER and A LIFE GIVING PRINCIPLE a perfect Renovator and Invigorator of the System, carrying off all poisonous matter and restoring the blood to a healthy condition. No person can take these Bitters according to direction and remain long unwell.

$1400